

C. MUTUAL RECOGNITION OF PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

I. GENERAL SYSTEM

31992 L 0051: Council Directive 92/51/EEC of 18 June 1992 on a second general system for the recognition of professional education and training to supplement Directive 89/48/EEC (OJ L 209, 24.7.1992, p. 25), as amended by:

- 31994 L 0038: Commission Directive 94/38/EC of 26.7.1994 (OJ L 217, 23.8.1994, p. 8),
- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 31995 L 0043: Commission Directive 95/43/EC of 20.7.1995 (OJ L 184, 3.8.1995, p. 21),
- 31997 L 0038: Commission Directive 97/38/EC of 20.6.1997 (OJ L 184, 12.7.1997, p. 31),
- 32000 L 0005: Commission Directive 2000/5/EC of 25.2.2000 (OJ L 54, 26.2.2000, p. 42),
- 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

The following is added to Annex C "LIST OF COURSES HAVING A SPECIAL STRUCTURE AS REFERRED TO IN POINT (ii) OF THE SECOND INDENT OF THE FIRST SUBPARAGRAPH OF ARTICLE 1 (a)":

- (a) Under heading "1. Paramedical and childcare training courses" the following is inserted before the entry for Germany:

"In the Czech Republic
training for:

- health care assistant ("Zdravotnický asistent"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 13 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and 4 years of vocational secondary education at a secondary medical school, completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam.

- nutrition assistant ("Nutriční asistent"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 13 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and 4 years of vocational secondary education at a secondary medical school, completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam.",

and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"In Cyprus
training for:

- dental technician ("οδοντοτεχνίτης"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 14 years, comprising at least 6 years of elementary education, 6 years of secondary education and 2 years of post-secondary vocational education, followed by 1 year of professional experience.

- optician ("τεχνικός οπτικός"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 14 years, comprising at least 6 years of elementary education, 6 years of secondary education and 2 years of post-secondary education, followed by 1 year of professional experience.

In Latvia

training for:

- dental nurse ("zobārstniecības māsa"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 13 years, comprising at least 10 years of general school education and 2 years of professional education in medical school, followed by 3 years of professional experience at the end of which a certification exam must be passed to obtain a certificate in the speciality.

- biomedical laboratory assistant ("biomedicīnas laborants"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 10 years of general school education and 2 years of professional education in medical school, followed by 2 years of professional experience at the end of which a certification exam must be passed to obtain a certificate in the speciality.

- dental technician ("zobu tehniķis"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 10 years of general school education and 2 years of professional education in medical school, followed by 2 years of professional experience at the end of which a certification exam must be passed to obtain a certificate in the speciality.

- physiotherapist's assistant ("fizioteapeita asistents"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 13 years, comprising at least 10 years of general school education and 3 years of professional education in medical school, followed by 2 years of professional experience at the end of which a certification exam must be passed to obtain a certificate in the speciality.",

and, after the entry for Austria:

"In Slovakia
training for:

- teacher in the field of dance at basic schools of art ("učiteľ v tanečnom odbore na základných umeleckých školách"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 14,5 years, comprising 8 years of basic education, 4 years of education at the secondary specialised school and a 5 semester course of dance pedagogy.

- educator at special educating facilities and at social service facilities ("vychovávateľ v špeciálnych výchovných zariadeniach a v zariadeniach sociálnych služieb")

which represents education of a total duration of at least 14 years, comprising 8/9 years of basic education, 4 years of study at secondary pedagogical school or at another secondary school and 2 years of supplementary part-time pedagogical study."

- (b) Under heading "2. Master craftsman sector (Master/Meister/Maître), which represents education and training courses concerning skills not covered by the Directives listed in Annex A" the following is added:

"In Poland
training for:

- teacher for practical vocational training ("Nauczyciel praktycznej nauki zawodu"),

which represents education of a duration of:

- either, 8 years of elementary education and 5 years of vocational secondary education or equivalent secondary education in a relevant field followed by the course in pedagogy of a total duration of at least 150 hours, the course in work safety and work hygiene, and 2 years of professional experience in the profession one is going to teach,
- or, 8 years of elementary education and 5 years of vocational secondary education and diploma of graduation from a post-secondary pedagogical technical school,

- or, 8 years of elementary education and 2-3 years of basic vocational secondary education and at least 3 years of professional experience certified by a degree of master in the particular profession followed by a course in pedagogy of a total duration at least 150 hours.

In Slovakia

training for:

- master in vocational education ("majster odbornej výchovy"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising 8 years of basic education, 4 years of vocational education (complete vocational secondary education and/or apprenticeship in the relevant (similar) vocational training or apprenticeship course), professional experience of a total duration of at least 3 years in the field of the person's completed education or apprenticeship and supplementary pedagogical study at the faculty of pedagogy or at the technical universities, or complete secondary education and apprenticeship in the relevant (similar) vocational training or apprenticeship course, professional experience of a total duration of at least 3 years in the field of the person's completed education or apprenticeship, and additional study of pedagogy at the faculty of pedagogy, or by 1 September 2005 specialised education in the field of special pedagogy provided for in the methodology centres for masters in vocational education at the special schools without supplementary pedagogical study.",

- (c) Under heading "3. Seafaring sector, a) Sea transport" the following is added before the entry for Denmark:

"In the Czech Republic
training for:

- deck assistant ("Palubní asistent")
- officer in charge of a navigational watch ("Námořní poručík")
- chief mate ("První palubní důstojník")
- master ("Kapitán")
- engine assistant ("Strojní asistent")
- officer in charge of an engineering watch ("Strojní důstojník")
- second engineer officer ("Druhý strojní důstojník")
- chief engineer officer ("První strojní důstojník")
- electrician ("Elektrotechnik")
- chief electric officer ("Elektrodůstojník").

- (d) Under heading "3. Seafaring sector, a) Sea transport" the following is added between the entries for Italy and the Netherlands:

"In Latvia
training for:

- electrical engineer officer on ships ("Kuģu elektromehāniķis")
- operator of refrigeration machinery ("Kuģa saldēšanas iekārtu mašīnists").

- (e) Under heading "3. Seafaring sector, a) Sea transport" the following is added after "which represents training" and before the entry for Denmark:

"– in the Czech Republic,

– for deck assistant ("Palubní asistent"),

1. A person not less than 20 years of age.
2. (a) Maritime academy or maritime college – department of navigation, both courses having to be completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam, and approved seagoing service of not less than six months on ships during studies, or

(b) Approved seagoing service of not less than two years as rating forming part of a navigational watch at the support level on ships, and completion of an approved course which meets the standard of competence specified in section A-II/1 of the STCW (International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers) Code dispensed by a maritime academy or college of a Party to the STCW Convention, and passing the examination before the Examining Board recognised by the MTC (Maritime Transport Committee of the Czech Republic).

- for officer in charge of a navigational watch ("Námořní poručík"),
 1. Approved seagoing service in the capacity of deck assistant on ships of 500 gross tonnage or more for not less than 6 months in the case of a graduate of a maritime college or academy, or one year in the case of a graduate of an approved course, including not less than six months in the capacity of a rating forming a part of a navigational watch.
 2. Duly completed and endorsed On Board Training Record Book for Deck Cadets.
- for chief mate ("První palubní důstojník"),

Certificate of competence of officer in charge of a navigational watch on ships of 500 gross tonnage or more and not less than twelve months of approved seagoing service in that capacity.

- for master ("Kapitán"),

Certificate for service as master on ships of between 500 and 3 000 gross tonnage.

Certificate of competence of chief mate on ships of 3 000 gross tonnage or more and not less than 6 months of approved seagoing service in the capacity of chief mate on ships of 500 gross tonnage or more and not less 6 months of approved seagoing service in the capacity of chief mate on ships of 3 000 gross tonnage or more.

- for engine assistant ("Strojní asistent"),
 1. A person not less than 20 years of age.
 2. Maritime academy or maritime college – department of maritime engineering, and approved seagoing service of not less than six months on ships during the studies.
- for officer in charge of an engineering watch ("Strojní důstojník"),

Approved seagoing service in the capacity of engine assistant of not less than 6 months as a graduate from a maritime academy or college.

- for second engineer officer ("Druhý strojní důstojník"),

Approved seagoing service of not less than 12 months in the capacity of 3rd engineer officer on ships powered by main propulsion machinery of 750 kW propulsion power and more.

- for chief engineer officer ("První strojní důstojník"),

Appropriate certificate for service as second engineer officer on ships powered by main propulsion machinery of 3000 kW propulsion power or more and having not less than 6 months of approved seagoing service in that capacity.

- for electrician ("Elektrotechnik"),

1. A person not less than 18 years of age.
2. Maritime or other academy, faculty of electrical engineering, or technical school or college of electrotechnical engineering, all courses having to be completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam, and not less than 12 months of approved practice in the field of electrical engineering.

- for chief electric officer ("Elektrodůstojník"),

1. Maritime academy or college, faculty of maritime electrical engineering or other academy or secondary school in the field of electrical engineering, all courses having to be completed by the "maturitní zkouška" or a state exam.
2. Approved seagoing service in the capacity of electrician for a period of not less than 12 months in the case of a graduate of an academy or college, or 24 months in the case of a graduate of a secondary school.

(f) Under heading "3. Seafaring sector, a) Sea transport" the following is added after "which represents training" and between the entries for Italy and the Netherlands:

- in Latvia,
- for electrical engineer officer on ships ("kuģu elektromehāniķis"),
 1. A person not less than 18 years of age.
 2. Represents an education of a total duration at least 12 years and 6 months, comprising at least 9 years of elementary education and at least 3 years of vocational education. In addition seagoing service of not less than 6 months as a ship's electrician or as assistant to the electrical engineer on ships with generator power more than 750 kW is required. Vocational training is completed by a special examination by the competent authority in accordance with the training programme as approved by the Ministry of Transport;

– for operator of refrigeration machinery ("kuģa saldēšanas iekārtu mašīnists"),

1. A person not less than 18 years of age.

2. Represents an education of a total duration of at least 13 years, comprising at least 9 years of elementary education and at least 3 years of vocational education. In addition seagoing service of not less than 12 months as assistant to the refrigeration engineer is required. Vocational training is completed by a special examination by the competent authority in accordance with the training programme as approved by the Ministry of Transport."

(g) Under heading "4. Technical sector" the following is inserted before the entry for Italy:

"In the Czech Republic
training for:

– authorised technician, authorised builder ("autorizovaný technik, autorizovaný stavitel"),

which represents vocational training of a duration of at least 9 years, comprising 4 years of technical secondary education, completed by the "maturitní zkouška" (secondary technical school exam), 5 years of professional experience and concluded by the professional qualification test for pursuit of selected professional activities in construction (pursuant to Act No 50/1976 Sb. (the Building Act) and Act No 360/1992 Sb.).

- track vehicle driver ("Fyzická osoba řídící drážní vozidlo"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam and concluded by the state exam on the motive power of vehicles.

- track revision technician ("Drážní revizní technik")

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education at a secondary machinery or electronics school completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam.

- road driving instructor ("Učitel autoškoly"),

a person not less than 24 years of age; represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education focused on traffic or machinery completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam.

- State technician for the control of motor vehicle roadworthiness ("Kontrolní technik STK"),

a person not less than 21 years of age; represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam, followed by at least 2 years of technical practice; the person concerned must have a driving licence and a clean criminal record and must have completed the special training for State technicians of at least 120 hours' duration as well as successfully passing the exam.

- mechanic for control of car emissions ("Mechanik měření emisí"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam; furthermore an applicant has to complete at least 3 years' technical practice and the special training for "mechanic for the control of car emissions" of 8 hours' duration as well as successfully passing the exam.

- boat master Class I ("Kapitán I. třídy"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 15 years, comprising 8 years of elementary education and 3 years of vocational education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam and culminating in an examination confirmed by a certificate of aptitude. This vocational education has to be followed by 4 years' vocational practice completed by an exam.

- restorer of monuments that are works of art crafts ("restaurátor památek, které jsou díly uměleckých řemesel"),

which represents education of a total duration of 12 years if involving full secondary technical education in the restoration course, or 10 to 12 years of study in a related course, plus 5 years of professional experience in the case of full secondary technical education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam, or 8 years of professional experience in the case of secondary technical education ending with the final apprenticeship exam.

- restorer of works of art that are not monuments and are held in the collections of museums and galleries, and of other objects of cultural value ("restaurátor děl výtvarných umění, která nejsou památkami a jsou uložena ve sbírkách muzeí a galerií, a ostatních předmětů kulturní hodnoty"),

which represents education of a total duration of 12 years plus 5 years of professional experience in the case of full secondary technical education in the restoration course completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam.

- waste manager ("odpadový hospodář"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of secondary vocational education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam and a minimum of 5 years of experience in the waste management sector within the last 10 years.

- blasting technical manager ("Technický vedoucí odstřelů"),

which represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational secondary education completed by the "maturitní zkouška" exam,

and followed by:

- 2 years as a shotfirer underground (for underground activity) or 1 year on surface (for surface activity); including 6 months as an assistant shotfirer;
- training course of 100 hours of theoretical and practical training followed by an examination before the relevant District Mining Authority;
- professional experience of 6 months or more in planning and carrying out major blasting works;
- training course of 32 hours of theoretical and practical training followed by an examination before the Czech Mining Authority;"

and, between the entries for Italy and the Netherlands:

"In Latvia

training for:

- engine-railway sector driver's assistant ("vilces līdzekļa vadītāja (mašīnista) palīgs"),
- a person not less than 18 years of age

- represents education of a total duration of at least 12 years, comprising at least 8 years of elementary education and at least 4 years of vocational education; vocational training completed by the employer's special examination; certificate of competence issued by a competent authority for 5 years."

and, after the entries for Austria:

"In Poland

training for:

- diagnostician executing motor vehicle roadworthiness tests at a vehicle control station at basic level ("Diagnosta przeprowadzający badania techniczne w stacji kontroli pojazdów o podstawowym zakresie badań"),

which represents 8 years of elementary education and 5 years of secondary technical education in the field of motor vehicles and 3 years' practice in a vehicle service station or in a garage, covering 51 hours of basic training in controlling motor vehicle roadworthiness and passing the qualification examination.

- diagnostician executing motor vehicle road worthiness tests at a district vehicle control station ("Diagnosta przeprowadzający badania techniczne pojazdu w okręgowej stacji kontroli pojazdów"),

which represents 8 years of elementary education and 5 years of technical secondary education in the field of motor vehicles and 4 years' practice in a vehicle service station or in a garage, covering 51 hours of basic training in controlling motor vehicle roadworthiness and passing the qualification examination,

- diagnostician executing motor vehicle roadworthiness tests at a vehicle control station ("Diagnosta wykonujący badania techniczne pojazdów w stacji kontroli pojazdów "),

which represents:

8 years of elementary education and 5 years of secondary technical education in the field of motor vehicles and 4 years' proven practice in a vehicle service station or in a garage, or

8 years of elementary education and 5 years of secondary technical education in a field other than motor vehicle specialisation and 8 years' proven practice in a vehicle service station or in a garage,

covering a total of 113 hours of complete training including basic and specialist training, with exams after every stage.

The duration in hours and the general scope of the particular courses in the framework of the complete training for diagnostician, are separately specified in the Minister of Infrastructure's Regulation of 28 November 2002 on detailed requirements regarding diagnosticians (OJ of 2002, No. 208, item 1769).

- train dispatcher ("Dyżurny ruchu"),

which represents 8 years of elementary education and 4 years of secondary vocational education, with rail transport specialisation, as well as a course preparing for work as a train dispatcher of 45 days and passing the qualification examination, or
which represents 8 years of elementary education and 5 years of secondary vocational education with rail transport specialisation, as well as a course preparing for work as a train dispatcher of 63 days and passing the qualification examination."

II. LEGAL PROFESSIONS

1. 31977 L 0249: Council Directive 77/249/EEC of 22 March 1977 to facilitate the effective exercise by lawyers of freedom to provide services (OJ L 78, 26.3.1977, p. 17), as amended by:

- 11979 H: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Hellenic Republic (OJ L 291, 19.11.1979, p. 17),
- 11985 I: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic (OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23),

- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),

In Article 1(2), the following is added:

"Czech Republic	Advokát
Estonia	Vandeadvokaat
Cyprus	Δικηγόρος
Latvia	Zvērināts advokāts
Lithuania	Advokatas
Hungary	Ügyvéd
Malta	Avukat/Prokuratur Legali
Poland	Adwokat/Radca prawny
Slovenia	Odvetnik/Odvetnica
Slovakia	Advokát/Komerčný právnik".

2. 31998 L 0005: Directive 98/5/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 1998 to facilitate practice of the profession of lawyer on a permanent basis in a Member State other than that in which the qualification was obtained (OJ L 77, 14.3.1998, p. 36).

In Article 1(2)(a), the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Czech Republic Advokát",

and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Estonia Vandeadvokaat",

and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Cyprus	Δικηγόρος
Latvia	Zvērināts advokāts
Lithuania	Advokatas"

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Hungary	Ügyvéd
Malta	Avukat/Prokuratur Legali"

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Poland Adwokat/Radca prawny"

and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenia	Odvetnik/Odvetnica
Slovakia	Advokát/Komerčný právnik".

III. MEDICAL AND PARAMEDICAL ACTIVITIES

1. Doctors

31993 L 0016: Council Directive 93/16/EEC of 5 April 1993 to facilitate the free movement of doctors and the mutual recognition of their diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications (OJ L 165, 7.7.1993, p. 1), as amended by:

- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 31997 L 0050: Directive 97/50/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6.10.1997 (OJ L 291, 24.10.1997, p. 35),
- 31998 L 0021: Commission Directive 98/21/EC of 8.4.1998 (OJ L 119, 22.4.1998, p. 15),
- 31998 L 0063: Commission Directive 98/63/EC of 3.9.1998 (OJ L 253, 15.9.1998, p. 24),

- 31999 L 0046: Commission Directive 1999/46/EC of 21.5.1999 (OJ L 139, 2.6.1999, p. 25),
 - 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1),
 - 52002 XC 0316(02) Commission Communication of 16.3.2002 (OJ C 67, 16.3.2002, p. 26).
- (a) The following indent is added to Article 9(1) after the fourth indent:
- "– the date of accession for the Czech Republic, Estonia, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Slovenia and Slovakia,";
- (b) the following indent is added to the first subparagraph of Article 9(2) after the fourth indent:
- "– the date of accession for the Czech Republic, Estonia, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Slovenia and Slovakia.";
- (c) the following Article is inserted after Article 9:

"Article 9a

1. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Czech qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

5. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

6. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in medicine and specialised medicine as regards access to the medical profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.";

- (d) the following references are inserted in the notice published in accordance with Article 41, indicating the designations of diplomas, certificates or other evidence of formal qualifications for general medical practitioners:

- (i) designations of diplomas, certificates or other evidence of formal qualifications:

The following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Czech Republic: diplom o specializaci "všeobecné lékařství""

and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Estonia: diplom peremeditsiini erialal"

and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Cyprus: Πιστοποιητικό Αναγνώρισης Γενικού Ιατρού

Latvia: Ģimenes ārsta sertifikāts

Lithuania: Šeimos gydytojo rezidentūros pažymėjimas"

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Hungary: Háziiorvostan szakorvosa bizonyítvány

Malta: Tabib tal-familja"

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Poland: Diploma: Dyplom uzyskania tytułu specjalisty w dziedzinie medycyny rodzinnej"

and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenia: Potrdilo o opravljeni specializaciji iz družinske medicine

Slovakia: diplom o špecializácii v odbore "všeobecné lekárstvo"",

(ii) Designations of professional titles

The following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Czech Republic: všeobecný lékař"

and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Estonia: Perearst"

and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Cyprus: Ιατρός Γενικής Ιατρικής"

Latvia: ģimenes (vispārējās prakses) ārsts

Lithuania: Šeimos medicinos gydytojas"

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Hungary: Háziiorvostan szakorvosa"

Malta: Mediċina tal-familja"

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Poland: Specjalista w dziedzinie medycyny rodzinnej"

and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenia: Specialist družinske medicine/ Specialistka družinske medicine

Slovakia: Všeobecný lekár";

(e) in Annex A, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu všeobecné lékařství (doktor medicíny, MUDr.)	Lékařská fakulta univerzity v České republice	Vysvědčení o státní rigorózní zkoušce"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom arstite aduse õppekava läbimise kohta	Tartu Ülikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Εγγραφής Ιατρού	Ιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	ārsta diploms	Universitātes tipa augstskola	
Lietuva	Aukštojo mokslo diplomas, nurodantis suteiktą gydytojo kvalifikaciją	Universitetas	Internatūros pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą medicinos gydytojo profesinę kvalifikaciją"

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Általános orvos oklevél (doctor medicinae universae, abbrev.: dr. med. univ.)	Egyetem	
Malta	Lawrja ta' Tabib tal-Mediċina u l- Kirurgija	Universita` ta' Malta	Ċertifikat ta' reġistrazzjoni mahruġ mill- Kunsill Mediku"

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom ukończenia studiów wyższych na kierunku lekarskim z tytułem "lekarza"	1. Akademia Medyczna 2. Uniwersytet Medyczny 3. Collegium Medicum Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego	Lekarski Egzamin Państwowy"
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov "doktor medicine / doktorica medicine"	Univerza	
Slovensko	Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "doktor medicíny" ("MUDr.")	Vysoká škola"	

(f) in Annex B the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	Diplom o specializaci	Ministerstvo zdravotnictví"	
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Residentuuri lõputunnistus eriarstiabi erialal	Tartu Ülikool "	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Αναγνώρισης Ειδικότητας	Ιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	"Sertifikā ts" – kompetentu iestā žu izsniegts dokuments, kas apliecina, ka persona ir nokā rtojusi sertifikā cijas eksā menu specialitā tē	Latvijas Ārstu biedrība Latvijas Ārstniecības personu profesionālo organizāciju savienība	
Lietuva	Rezidentūros pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą gydytojo specialisto profesinę kvalifikaciją	Universitetas"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Szakorvosi bizonyítvány	Az Egészségügyi, Szociális és Családügyi Minisztérium illetékes testülete	
Malta	Ċertifikat ta' Speċjalista Mediku	Kumitat ta' Approvazzjoni dwar Speċjalisti"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom uzyskania tytułu specjalisty	Centrum Egzaminów Medycznych"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Potrdilo o opravljenem specialističnem izpitu	1. Ministrstvo za zdravje 2. Zdravniška zbornica Slovenije	
Slovensko	Diplom o špecializácii	Slovenská zdravotnícka univerzita"	

(g) Annex C is replaced by the following:

"ANNEX C

Titles of training courses in specialised medicine

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Anaesthetics		
Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Anesthésie-réanimation / Anesthesie reanimatie	
Česká republika	Anesteziologie a resuscitace	
Danmark	Anæstesiologi	
Deutschland	Anästhesiologie	
Eesti	Anestesioloogia	
Ελλάς	Αναισθησιολογία	
España	Anestesiología y Reanimación	
France	Anesthésiologie-Réanimation chirurgicale	
Ireland	Anaesthesia	
Italia	Anestesia e rianimazione	
Κύπρος	Αναισθησιολογία	
Latvija	Anestezioloģija un reanimatoloģija	
Lietuva	Anesteziologija reanimatologija	
Luxembourg	Anesthésie-réanimation	
Magyarország	Aneszteziológia és intenzív terápia	
Malta	Anesteżija u Kura Intensiva	
Nederland	Anesthesiologie	
Österreich	Anästhesiologie und Intensivmedizin	
Polska	Anestezjologia i intensywna terapia	
Portugal	Anestesiologia	
Slovenija	Anesteziologija, reanimatologija in perioperativna intenzivna medicina	
Slovensko	Anestéziológia a intenzívna medicína	
Suomi/Finland	Anestesiologia ja tehohoito / Anestesiologi och intensivvård	
Sverige	Anestesi och intensivvård	
United Kingdom	Anaesthetics	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
General surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Chirurgie / Heelkunde	
Česká republika	Chirurgie	
Danmark	Kirurgi eller kirurgiske sygdomme	
Deutschland	Chirurgie	
Eesti	Üldkirurgia	
Ελλάς	Χειρουργική	
España	Cirugía general y del aparato digestivo	
France	Chirurgie générale	
Ireland	General surgery	
Italia	Chirurgia generale	
Κύπρος	Γενική Χειρουργική	
Latvija	Ķirurgija	
Lietuva	Chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie générale	
Magyarország	Sebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija Ġenerali	
Nederland	Heelkunde	
Österreich	Chirurgie	
Polska	Chirurgia ogólna	
Portugal	Cirurgia geral	
Slovenija	Splošna kirurgija	
Slovensko	Chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland	Yleiskirurgia / Allmän kirurgi	
Sverige	Kirurgi	
United Kingdom	General surgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Neurological surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Neurochirurgie	
Česká republika	Neurochirurgie	
Danmark	Neurokirurgi eller kirurgiske nervesygdomme	
Deutschland	Neurochirurgie	
Eesti	Neurokirurgia	
Ελλάς	Νευροχειρουργική	
España	Neurocirugía	
France	Neurochirurgie	
Ireland	Neurological surgery	
Italia	Neurochirurgia	
Κύπρος	Νευροχειρουργική	
Latvija	Neiroķirurgija	
Lietuva	Neurochirurgija	
Luxembourg	Neurochirurgie	
Magyarország	Idegsebészet	
Malta	Newrokirurgija	
Nederland	Neurochirurgie	
Österreich	Neurochirurgie	
Polska	Neurochirurgia	
Portugal	Neurocirurgia	
Slovenija	Nevrokirurgija	
Slovensko	Neurochirurgia	
Suomi/Finland	Neurokirurgia / Neurokirurgi	
Sverige	Neurokirurgi	
United Kingdom	Neurosurgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Obstetrics and gynaecology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Gynécologie – obstétrique / Gynaecologie en verloskunde	
Česká republika	Gynekologie a porodnictví	
Danmark	Gynækologi og obstetrik eller kvindesygdomme og fødselshjælp	
Deutschland	Frauenheilkunde und Geburtshilfe	
Eesti	Sünnitusabi ja günekoloogia	
Ελλάς	Μαιευτική-Γυναικολογία	
España	Obstetricia y ginecología	
France	Gynécologie – obstétrique	
Ireland	Obstetrics and gynaecology	
Italia	Ginecologia e ostetricia	
Κύπρος	Μαιευτική – Γυναικολογία	
Latvija	Ginekoloģija un dzemdniecība	
Lietuva	Akušerija ginekologija	
Luxembourg	Gynécologie – obstétrique	
Magyarország	Szülészet-nőgyógyászat	
Malta	Ostetriċja u Ginekoloġija	
Nederland	Verloskunde en gynaecologie	
Österreich	Frauenheilkunde und Geburtshilfe	
Polska	Położnictwo i ginekologia	
Portugal	Ginecologia e obstetricia	
Slovenija	Ginekologija in porodništvo	
Slovensko	Gynekológia a pôrodníctvo	
Suomi/Finland	Naistentaudit ja synnytykset / Kvinnosjukdomar och förlossningar	
Sverige	Obstetrik och gynekologi	
United Kingdom	Obstetrics and gynaecology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
General (internal) medicine Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Médecine interne / Inwendige geneeskunde	
Česká republika	Vnitřní lékařství	
Danmark	Intern medicin	
Deutschland	Innere Medizin	
Eesti	Sisehaigused	
Ελλάς	Παθολογία	
España	Medicina interna	
France	Médecine interne	
Ireland	General medicine	
Italia	Medicina interna	
Κύπρος	Παθολογία	
Latvija	Internā medicīna	
Lietuva	Vidaus ligos	
Luxembourg	Médecine interne	
Magyarország	Belgyógyászat	
Malta	Medicina Interna	
Nederland	Inwendige geneeskunde	
Österreich	Innere Medizin	
Polska	Choroby wewnętrzne	
Portugal	Medicina interna	
Slovenija	Interna medicina	
Slovensko	Vnútorné lekárstvo	
Suomi/Finland	Sisätaudit / Inre medicin	
Sverige	Internmedicin	
United Kingdom	General (internal) medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Ophthalmology		
Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Ophtalmologie / Oftalmologie	
Česká republika	Oftalmologie	
Danmark	Oftalmologi eller øjensygdomme	
Deutschland	Augenheilkunde	
Eesti	Oftalmoloogia	
Ελλάς	Οφθαλμολογία	
España	Oftalmología	
France	Ophtalmologie	
Ireland	Ophthalmology	
Italia	Oftalmologia	
Κύπρος	Οφθαλμολογία	
Latvija	Oftalmoloģija	
Lietuva	Oftalmologija	
Luxembourg	Ophtalmologie	
Magyarország	Szemészet	
Malta	Oftalmoloģija	
Nederland	Oogheekunde	
Österreich	Augenheilkunde und Optometrie	
Polska	Okulistyka	
Portugal	Oftalmologia	
Slovenija	Oftalmologija	
Slovensko	Oftalmológia	
Suomi/Finland	Silmätaudit / Ögonsjukdomar	
Sverige	Ögonsjukdomar (oftalmologi)	
United Kingdom	Ophthalmology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Oto rhino laryngology Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Oto-rhino-laryngologie / Otorhinolaryngologie	
Česká republika	Otorinolaryngologie	
Danmark	Oto-rhino-laryngologi eller øre- næse-halssygdomme	
Deutschland	Hals-Nasen-Ohrenheilkunde	
Eesti	Otorinolarüngoloogia	
Ελλάς	Ωτορινολαρυγγολογία	
España	Otorrinolaringología	
France	Oto-rhino-laryngologie	
Ireland	Otolaryngology	
Italia	Otorinolaringoatria	
Κύπρος	Ωτορινολαρυγγολογία	
Latvija	Otolaringologija	
Lietuva	Otorinolariningologija	
Luxembourg	Oto-rhino-laryngologie	
Magyarország	Fül-orr-gégegyógyászat	
Malta	Otorinolariningologija	
Nederland	Keel-, neus- en oorheelkunde	
Österreich	Hals-, Nasen-und Ohrenkrankheiten	
Polska	Otorynolaryngologia	
Portugal	Otorrinolaringologia	
Slovenija	Otorinolariningologija	
Slovensko	Otorinolaryngológia	
Suomi/Finland	Korva-, nenä- ja kurkkutaudit / Öron-, näs- och halssjukdomar	
Sverige	Öron-, näs- och halssjukdomar (oto-rhino-laryngologi)	
United Kingdom	Otolaryngology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Paediatrics		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Pédiatrie / Pediatrie	
Česká republika	Dětské lékařství	
Danmark	Pædiatri eller sygdomme hos børn	
Deutschland	Kinderheilkunde	
Eesti	Pediaatria	
Ελλάς	Παιδιατρική	
España	Pediatría y sus áreas específicas	
France	Pédiatrie	
Ireland	Paediatrics	
Italia	Pédiatria	
Κύπρος	Παιδιατρική	
Latvija	Pediatrija	
Lietuva	Vaikų ligos	
Luxembourg	Pédiatrie	
Magyarország	Csecsemő- és gyermekgyógyászat	
Malta	Pedjatrija	
Nederland	Kindergeneeskunde	
Österreich	Kinder – und Jugendheilkunde	
Polska	Pediatria	
Portugal	Pediatria	
Slovenija	Pediatrija	
Slovensko	Pediatria	
Suomi/Finland	Lastentaudit / Barnsjukdomar	
Sverige	Barn- och ungdomsmedicin	
United Kingdom	Paediatrics	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Respiratory medicine Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Pneumologie	
Česká republika	Tuberkulóza a respirační nemoci	
Danmark	Medicinske lungesygdomme	
Deutschland	Pneumologie	
Eesti	Pulmonoloogia	
Ελλάς	Φυματιολογία- Πνευμονολογία	
España	Neumología	
France	Pneumologie	
Ireland	Respiratory medicine	
Italia	Malattie dell'apparato respiratorio	
Κύπρος	Πνευμονολογία – Φυματιολογία	
Latvija	Ftiziopneimonoloģija	
Lietuva	Pulmonologija	
Luxembourg	Pneumologie	
Magyarország	Tüdőgyógyászat	
Malta	Medicina Respiratorja	
Nederland	Longziekten en tuberculose	
Österreich	Lungenkrankheiten	
Polska	Choroby płuc	
Portugal	Pneumologia	
Slovenija	Pnevmologija	
Slovensko	Pneumológia a ftizeológia	
Suomi/Finland	Keuhkosairaudet ja allergologia / Lungsjukdomar och allergologi	
Sverige	Lungsjukdomar (pneumologi)	
United Kingdom	Respiratory medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Urology Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Urologie	
Česká republika	Urologie	
Danmark	Urologi eller urinvejenes kirurgiske sygdomme	
Deutschland	Urologie	
Eesti	Uroloogia	
Ελλάς	Ουρολογία	
España	Urología	
France	Urologie	
Ireland	Urology	
Italia	Urologia	
Κύπρος	Ουρολογία	
Latvija	Uroloģija	
Lietuva	Urologija	
Luxembourg	Urologie	
Magyarország	Urológia	
Malta	Uroloġija	
Nederland	Urologie	
Österreich	Urologie	
Polska	Urologia	
Portugal	Urologia	
Slovenija	Urologija	
Slovensko	Urológia	
Suomi/Finland	Urologia / Urologi	
Sverige	Urologi	
United Kingdom	Urology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Orthopaedics		
Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Chirurgie orthopédique / Orthopedische heelkunde	
Česká republika	Ortopedie	
Danmark	Ortopædisk kirurgi	
Deutschland	Orthopädie	
Eesti	Ortopeedia	
Ελλάς	Ορθοπαιδική	
España	Traumatología y cirugía ortopédica	
France	Chirurgie orthopédique et traumatologie	
Ireland	Orthopaedic surgery	
Italia	Ortopedia e traumatologia	
Κύπρος	Ορθοπαιδική	
Latvija	Traumatoloģija un ortopēdija	
Lietuva	Ortopedija traumatologija	
Luxembourg	Orthopédie	
Magyarország	Ortopédia	
Malta	Kirurgija Ortopedika	
Nederland	Orthopedie	
Österreich	Orthopädie und Orthopädische Chirurgie	
Polska	Ortopedia i traumatologia narządu ruchu	
Portugal	Ortopedia	
Slovenija	Ortopedska kirurgija	
Slovensko	Ortopédia	
Suomi/Finland	Ortopedia ja traumatologia / Ortopedi och traumatologi	
Sverige	Ortopedi	
United Kingdom	Trauma and orthopaedic surgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Pathological anatomy Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Anatomie pathologique / Pathologische anatomie	
Česká republika	Patologická anatomie	
Danmark	Patologisk anatomi eller vævs- og celleundersøgelser	
Deutschland	Pathologie	
Eesti	Patoloogia	
Ελλάς	Παθολογική Ανατομική	
España	Anatomía patológica	
France	Anatomie et cytologie pathologiques	
Ireland	Morbid anatomy and histopathology	
Italia	Anatomia patologica	
Κύπρος	Παθολογοανατομία – Ιστολογία	
Latvija	Patoloģija	
Lietuva	Patologija	
Luxembourg	Anatomie pathologique	
Magyarország	Patológia	
Malta	Istopatoloģija	
Nederland	Pathologie	
Österreich	Pathologie	
Polska	Patomorfologia	
Portugal	Anatomia patologica	
Slovenija	Anatomska patologija in citopatologija	
Slovensko	Patologická anatómia	
Suomi/Finland	Patologia / Patologi	
Sverige	Klinisk patologi	
United Kingdom	Histopathology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Neurology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Neurologie	
Česká republika	Neurologie	
Danmark	Neurologi eller medicinske nervesygdomme	
Deutschland	Neurologie	
Eesti	Neuroloogia	
Ελλάς	Νευρολογία	
España	Neurología	
France	Neurologie	
Ireland	Neurology	
Italia	Neurologia	
Κύπρος	Νευρολογία	
Latvija	Neiroloģija	
Lietuva	Neurologija	
Luxembourg	Neurologie	
Magyarország	Neurológia	
Malta	Newroloġija	
Nederland	Neurologie	
Österreich	Neurologie	
Polska	Neurologia	
Portugal	Neurologia	
Slovenija	Nevrologija	
Slovensko	Neurológia	
Suomi/Finland	Neurologia / Neurologi	
Sverige	Neurologi	
United Kingdom	Neurology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Psychiatry Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Psychiatrie	
Česká republika	Psychiatrie	
Danmark	Psykiatri	
Deutschland	Psychiatrie und Psychotherapie	
Eesti	Psühhiaatria	
Ελλάς	Ψυχιατρική	
España	Psiquiatría	
France	Psychiatrie	
Ireland	Psychiatry	
Italia	Psichiatria	
Κύπρος	Ψυχιατρική	
Latvija	Psihiatrija	
Lietuva	Psichiatrija	
Luxembourg	Psychiatrie	
Magyarország	Pszichiátria	
Malta	Psikjatrija	
Nederland	Psychiatrie	
Österreich	Psychiatrie	
Polska	Psychiatria	
Portugal	Psiquiatria	
Slovenija	Psihiatrija	
Slovensko	Psychiatria	
Suomi/Finland	Psykiatria / Psykiatri	
Sverige	Psykiatri	
United Kingdom	General psychiatry	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Diagnostic radiology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Radiodiagnostic / Röntgendiagnose	
Česká republika	Radiologie a zobrazovací metody	
Danmark	Diagnostik radiologi eller røntgenundersøgelse	
Deutschland	Diagnostische Radiologie	
Eesti	Radioloogia	
Ελλάς	Ακτινοδιαγνωστική	
España	Radiodiagnóstico	
France	Radiodiagnostic et imagerie médicale	
Ireland	Diagnostic radiology	
Italia	Radiodiagnostica	
Κύπρος	Ακτινολογία	
Latvija	Diagnostiskā radioloģija	
Lietuva	Radiologija	
Luxembourg	Radiodiagnostic	
Magyarország	Radiológia	
Malta	Radjoloġija	
Nederland	Radiologie	
Österreich	Medizinische Radiologie- Diagnostik	
Polska	Radiologia i diagnostyka obrazowa	
Portugal	Radiodiagnóstico	
Slovenija	Radiologija	
Slovensko	Rádiológia	
Suomi/Finland	Radiologia / Radiologi	
Sverige	Medicinsk radiologi	
United Kingdom	Clinical radiology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Radiotherapy Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Radiothérapie-oncologie / Radiotherapie-oncologie	
Česká republika	Radiační onkologie	
Danmark	Onkologi	
Deutschland	Strahlentherapie	
Eesti	Onkoloogia	
Ελλάς	Ακτινοθεραπευτική – Ογκολογία	
España	Oncología radioterápica	
France	Oncologie radiothérapique	
Ireland	Radiotherapy	
Italia	Radioterapia	
Κύπρος	Ακτινοθεραπευτική	
Latvija	Terapeitiskā radioloģija	
Lietuva	Onkologija radioterapija	
Luxembourg	Radiothérapie	
Magyarország	Sugárterápia	
Malta	Onkologija u Radjoterapija	
Nederland	Radiotherapie	
Österreich	Strahlentherapie – Radioonkologie	
Polska	Radioterapia onkologiczna	
Portugal	Radioterapia	
Slovenija	Radioterapija in onkologija	
Slovensko	Radiačná onkológia	
Suomi/Finland	Syöpätaudit / Cancersjukdomar	
Sverige	Tumörsjukdomar (allmän onkologi)	
United Kingdom	Clinical oncology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Clinical biology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Biologie clinique / Klinische biologie	
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti	Laborimeditisiin	
Ελλάς		
España	Análisis clínicos	
France	Biologie médicale	
Ireland		
Italia	Patologia clinica	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva	Laboratorinė medicina	
Luxembourg	Biologie clinique	
Magyarország	Orvosi laboratóriumi diagnosztika	
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich	Medizinische Biologie	
Polska	Diagnostyka laboratoryjna	
Portugal	Patologia clínica	
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Biological haematology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark	Klinisk blodtypeserologi	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France	Hématologie	
Ireland		
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Hématologie biologique	
Magyarország		
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal	Hematologia clínica	
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Microbiology-bacteriology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika	Lékařská mikrobiologie	
Danmark	Klinisk mikrobiologi	
Deutschland	Mikrobiologie und Infektionsepidemiologie	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	1. Ιατρική Βιοπαθολογία 2. Μικροβιολογία	
España	Microbiología y parasitología	
France		
Ireland	Microbiology	
Italia	Microbiologia e virologia	
Κύπρος	Μικροβιολογία	
Latvija	Mikrobioloģija	
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Microbiologie	
Magyarország	Orvosi mikrobiológia	
Malta	Mikrobijologija	
Nederland	Medische microbiologie	
Österreich	Hygiene und Mikrobiologie	
Polska	Mikrobiologia lekarska	
Portugal		
Slovenija	Klinična mikrobiologija	
Slovensko	Klinická mikrobiológia	
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen mikrobiologia / Klinisk mikrobiologi	
Sverige	Klinisk bakteriologi	
United Kingdom	Medical microbiology and virology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Biological chemistry Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika	Klinická biochemie	
Danmark	Klinisk biokemi	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Bioquímica clínica	
France		
Ireland	Chemical pathology	
Italia	Biochimica clinica	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Chimie biologique	
Magyarország		
Malta	Patoloġija Kimika	
Nederland	Klinische chemie	
Österreich	Medizinische und Chemische Labordiagnostik	
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija	Medicinska biokemija	
Slovensko	Klinická biochémia	
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen kemia / Klinisk kemi	
Sverige	Klinisk kemi	
United Kingdom	Chemical pathology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Immunology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika	Alergologie a klinická imunologie	
Danmark	Klinisk immunologi	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Immunología	
France		
Ireland	Clinical immunology	
Italia		
Κύπρος	Ανοσολογία	
Latvija	Imunoloģija	
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Allergológia és klinikai immunológia	
Malta	Immunoloġija	
Nederland		
Österreich	Immunologie	
Polska	Immunologia kliniczna	
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Klinická imunológia a alergológia	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige	Klinisk immunologi	
United Kingdom	Immunology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Plastic surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Chirurgie plastique, reconstructrice et esthétique / Plastische, reconstructieve en esthetische heelkunde	
Česká republika	Plastická chirurgie	
Danmark	Plastikkirurgi	
Deutschland	Plastische Chirurgie	
Eesti	Plastika- ja rekonstruktiivkirurgia	
Ελλάς	Πλαστική Χειρουργική	
España	Cirugía plástica y reparadora	
France	Chirurgie plastique, reconstructrice et esthétique	
Ireland	Plastic surgery	
Italia	Chirurgia plastica e ricostruttiva	
Κύπρος	Πλαστική Χειρουργική	
Latvija	Plastiskā ķirurģija	
Lietuva	Plastinė ir rekonstrukcinė chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie plastique	
Magyarország	Plasztikai (égési) sebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija Plastika	
Nederland	Plastische chirurgie	
Österreich	Plastische Chirurgie	
Polska	Chirurgia plastyczna	
Portugal	Cirurgia plástica e reconstitutiva	
Slovenija	Plastična, rekonstrukcijska in estetska kirurgija	
Slovensko	Plastická chirurgie	
Suomi/Finland	Plastiikkakirurgia / Plastikkirurgi	
Sverige	Plastikkirurgi	
United Kingdom	Plastic surgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Thoracic surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Chirurgie thoracique / Heelkunde op de thorax	
Česká republika	Kardiochirurgie	
Danmark	Thoraxkirurgi eller brysthulens kirurgiske sygdomme	
Deutschland	Herzchirurgie	
Eesti	Torakaalkirurgia	
Ελλάς	Χειρουργική Θώρακος	
España	Cirugía torácica	
France	Chirurgie thoracique et cardiovasculaire	
Ireland	Thoracic surgery	
Italia	Chirurgia toracica; Cardiochirurgia	
Κύπρος	Χειρουργική Θώρακος	
Latvija	Torakālā ķirurģija	
Lietuva	Krūtinės chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie thoracique	
Magyarország	Mellkassebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija Kardjo-Toraċika	
Nederland	Cardio-thoracale chirurgie	
Österreich		
Polska	Chirurgia klatki piersiowej	
Portugal	Cirurgia cardiotorácica	
Slovenija	Torakalna kirurgija	
Slovensko	Hrudníková chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland	Sydän-ja rintaelinkirurgia / Hjärt- och thoraxkirurgi	
Sverige	Thoraxkirurgi	
United Kingdom	Cardo-thoracic surgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Paediatric surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika	Dětská chirurgie	
Danmark		
Deutschland	Kinderchirurgie	
Eesti	Lastekirurgia	
Ελλάς	Χειρουργική Παιδών	
España	Cirugía pediátrica	
France	Chirurgie infantile	
Ireland	Paediatric surgery	
Italia	Chirurgia pediatrica	
Κύπρος	Χειρουργική Παιδών	
Latvija	Bērnu ķirurģija	
Lietuva	Vaikų chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie pédiatrique	
Magyarország	Gyermekebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija Pedjatrika	
Nederland		
Österreich	Kinderchirurgie	
Polska	Chirurgia dziecięca	
Portugal	Cirurgia pediátrica	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Detská chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland	Lastenkirurgia / Barnkirurgi	
Sverige	Barn- och ungdomskirurgi	
United Kingdom	Paediatric surgery	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Vascular surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Chirurgie des vaisseaux / Bloedvatenheelkunde	
Česká republika	Cévní chirurgie	
Danmark	Karkirurgi eller kirurgiske blodkarsygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Kardiovaskulaarkirurgia	
Ελλάς	Αγγειοχειρουργική	
España	Angiología y cirugía vascular	
France	Chirurgie vasculaire	
Ireland		
Italia	Chirurgia vascolare	
Κύπρος	Χειρουργική Αγγείων	
Latvija	Asinsvadu ķirurģija	
Lietuva	Kraujagyslių chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie vasculaire	
Magyarország	Érsebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija Vaskolari	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Chirurgia naczyniowa	
Portugal	Cirurgia vascular	
Slovenija	Kardiovaskularna kirurgija	
Slovensko	Cievna chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland	Verisuonikirurgia / Kärlkirurgi	
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Cardiology		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien	Cardiologie	
Česká republika	Kardiologie	
Danmark	Kardiologi	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Kardioloogia	
Ελλάς	Καρδιολογία	
España	Cardiología	
France	Pathologie cardio-vasculaire	
Ireland	Cardiology	
Italia	Cardiologia	
Κύπρος	Καρδιολογία	
Latvija	Kardioloģija	
Lietuva	Kardiologija	
Luxembourg	Cardiologie et angiologie	
Magyarország	Kardiológia	
Malta	Kardjoloġija	
Nederland	Cardiologie	
Österreich		
Polska	Kardiologia	
Portugal	Cardiologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Kardiológia	
Suomi/Finland	Kardiologia / Kardiologi	
Sverige	Kardiologi	
United Kingdom	Cardiology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Gastro-enterology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Gastro-entérologie / gastroenterologie	
Česká republika	Gastroenterologie	
Danmark	Medicinsk gastroenterologi eller medicinske mave-tarm-sygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Gastroenteroloogia	
Ελλάς	Γαστρεντερολογία	
España	Aparato digestivo	
France	Gastro-entérologie et hépatologie	
Ireland	Gastro-enterology	
Italia	Gastroenterologia	
Κύπρος	Γαστρεντερολογία	
Latvija	Gastroenteroloģija	
Lietuva	Gastroenterologija	
Luxembourg	Gastro-entérologie	
Magyarország	Gasztroenterológia	
Malta	Gastroenterologija	
Nederland	Gastro-enterologie	
Österreich		
Polska	Gastroenterologia	
Portugal	Gastrenterologia	
Slovenija	Gastroenterologija	
Slovensko	Gastroenterológia	
Suomi/Finland	Gastroenterologia / Gastroenterologi	
Sverige	Medicinsk gastroenterologi och hepatologi	
United Kingdom	Gastro-enterology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Rheumatology		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Rhumathologie / reumatologie	
Česká republika	Revmatologie	
Danmark	Reumatologi	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Reumatoloogia	
Ελλάς	Ρευματολογία	
España	Reumatología	
France	Rhumathologie	
Ireland	Rheumatology	
Italia	Reumatologia	
Κύπρος	Ρευματολογία	
Latvija	Reimatoloģija	
Lietuva	Reumatologija	
Luxembourg	Rhumathologie	
Magyarország	Reumatológia	
Malta	Rewmatoloġija	
Nederland	Reumatologie	
Österreich		
Polska	Reumatologia	
Portugal	Reumatologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Reumatológia	
Suomi/Finland	Reumatologia / Reumatologi	
Sverige	Reumatologi	
United Kingdom	Rheumatology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
General haematology Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Hematologie a transfúzní lékařství	
Danmark	Hæmatologi eller blodsygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Hematoloogia	
Ελλάς	Αιματολογία	
España	Hematología y hemoterapia	
France		
Ireland	Haematology	
Italia	Ematologia	
Κύπρος	Αιματολογία	
Latvija	Hematoloģija	
Lietuva	Hematologija	
Luxembourg	Hématologie	
Magyarország	Haematológia	
Malta	Ematoloġija	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Hematologia	
Portugal	Imuno-hemoterapia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Hematológia a transfúziológia	
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen hematologia / Klinisk hematologi	
Sverige	Hematologi	
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Endocrinology Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Endokrinologie	
Danmark	Medicinsk endokrinologi eller medicinske hormonsygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Endokrinoloogia	
Ελλάς	Ενδοκρινολογία	
España	Endocrinología y nutrición	
France	Endocrinologie, maladies métaboliques	
Ireland	Endocrinology and diabetes mellitus	
Italia	Endocrinologia e malattie del ricambio	
Κύπρος	Ενδοκρινολογία	
Latvija	Endokrinoloģija	
Lietuva	Endokrinologija	
Luxembourg	Endocrinologie, maladies du métabolisme et de la nutrition	
Magyarország	Endokrinológia	
Malta	Endokrinoloġija u Dijabete	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Endokrynologia	
Portugal	Endocrinologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Endokrinológia	
Suomi/Finland	Endokrinologia / endokrinologi	
Sverige	Endokrina sjukdomar	
United Kingdom	Endocrinology and diabetes mellitus	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Physiotherapy Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Médecine physique et réadaptation / Fysische geneeskunde en revalidatie	
Česká republika	Rehabilitační a fyzikální medicína	
Danmark		
Deutschland	Physikalische und Rehabilitative Medizin	
Eesti	Taastusravi ja füsiaatria	
Ελλάς	Φυσική Ιατρική και Αποκατάσταση	
España	Rehabilitación	
France	Rééducation et réadaptation fonctionnelles	
Ireland		
Italia	Medicina fisica e riabilitazione	
Κύπρος	Φυσική Ιατρική και Αποκατάσταση	
Latvija	Rehabilitoloģija Fiziskā rehabilitācija Fizikālā medicīna	
Lietuva	Fizinė medicina ir reabilitacija	
Luxembourg	Rééducation et réadaptation fonctionnelles	
Magyarország	Fizioterápia	
Malta		
Nederland	Revalidatiegeneeskunde	
Österreich	Physikalische Medizin	
Polska	Rehabilitacja medyczna	
Portugal	Fisiatria ou Medicina física e de reabilitação	
Slovenija	Fizikalna in rehabilitacijska medicina	
Slovensko	Fyziatria, balneológia a liečebná rehabilitácia	
Suomi/Finland	Fysiatria / fysiatri	
Sverige	Rehabiliteringsmedicin	
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Stomatology		
Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Estomatología	
France	Stomatologie	
Ireland		
Italia	Odontostomatologia	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Stomatologie	
Magyarország		
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal	Estomatologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Neuro-psychiatry Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Neuropsychiatrie	
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland	Nervenheilkunde (Neurologie und Psychiatrie)	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Νευρολογία – Ψυχιατρική	
España		
France	Neuropsychiatrie	
Ireland		
Italia	Neuropsychiatria	
Κύπρος	Νευρολογία – Ψυχιατρική	
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Neuropsychiatrie	
Magyarország		
Malta		
Nederland	Zenuw – en zielsziekten	
Österreich	Neurologie und Psychiatrie	
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Neuropsychiatria	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Dermato-venereology Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Dermato-vénéréologie / dermato-venerologie	
Česká republika	Dermatovenerologie	
Danmark	Dermato-venerologi eller hud- og kønssygdomme	
Deutschland	Haut – und Geschlechtskrankheiten	
Eesti	Dermatoveneroloogia	
Ελλάς	Δερματολογία – Αφροδισιολογία	
España	Dermatología médico-quirúrgica y venereología	
France	Dermatologie et vénéréologie	
Ireland		
Italia	Dermatologia e venerologia	
Κύπρος	Δερματολογία – Αφροδισιολογία	
Latvija	Dermatoloģija un veneroloģija	
Lietuva	Dermatovenerologija	
Luxembourg	Dermato-vénéréologie	
Magyarország	Bőrgyógyászat	
Malta	Dermato-venerejoloġija	
Nederland	Dermatologie en venerologie	
Österreich	Haut- und Geschlechtskrankheiten	
Polska	Dermatologia i wenerologia	
Portugal	Dermatovenereologia	
Slovenija	Dermatovenerologija	
Slovensko	Dermatovenerológia	
Suomi/Finland	Ihotaudit ja allergologia / hudsjukdomar och allergologi	
Sverige	Hud- och könssjukdomar	
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Dermatology		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Dermatology	
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország		
Malta	Dermatoloġija	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom	Dermatology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Venereology		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Venereology	
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország		
Malta	Medicina Uro-ġenetali	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom	Genito-urinary medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Radiology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland	Radiologie	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Ακτινολογία – Ραδιολογία	
España	Electrorradiología	
France	Electro-radiologie	
Ireland		
Italia	Radiologia	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Électroradiologie	
Magyarország	Radiológia	
Malta		
Nederland	Radiologie	
Österreich	Radiologie	
Polska		
Portugal	Radiologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Tropical medicine Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Tropical medicine	
Italia	Medicina tropicale	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Trópusi betegségek	
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich	Spezifische Prophylaxe und Tropenhygiene	
Polska	Medycyna transportu	
Portugal	Medicina tropical	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Tropická medicína	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom	Tropical medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Child psychiatry Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Dětská a dorostová psychiatrie	
Danmark	Børne- og ungdomspsykiatri	
Deutschland	Kinder – und Jugendpsychiatrie und –psychotherapie	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Παιδοψυχιατρική	
España		
France	Pédo-psychiatrie	
Ireland	Child and adolescent psychiatry	
Italia	Neuropsychiatria infantile	
Κύπρος	Παιδοψυχιατρική	
Latvija	Bērnu psihiatrija	
Lietuva	Vaikų ir paauglių psichiatrija	
Luxembourg	Psychiatrie infantile	
Magyarország	Gyermekek- és ifjúságpszichiátria	
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Psychiatria dzieci i młodzieży	
Portugal	Pedopsiquiatria	
Slovenija	Otroška in mladostniška psihiatrija	
Slovensko	Detská psychiatria	
Suomi/Finland	Lastenpsykiatria / barnpsykiatri	
Sverige	Barn- och ungdomspsykiatri	
United Kingdom	Child and adolescent psychiatry	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Geriatrics		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Geriatricie	
Danmark	Geriatrici eller alderdommens sygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Geriatría	
France		
Ireland	Geriatrics	
Italia	Geriatrica	
Κύπρος	Γηριατρική	
Latvija		
Lietuva	Geriatricija	
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Geriatría	
Malta	Ġerjatrija	
Nederland	Klinische geriatrie	
Österreich		
Polska	Geriatrica	
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Geriatrica	
Suomi/Finland	Geriatrica / geriatri	
Sverige	Geriatrisk	
United Kingdom	Geriatrics	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Renal diseases		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Nefrologie	
Danmark	Nefrologi eller medicinske nyresygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Nefroloogia	
Ελλάς	Νεφρολογία	
España	Nefrología	
France	Néphrologie	
Ireland	Nephrology	
Italia	Nefrologia	
Κύπρος	Νεφρολογία	
Latvija	Nefroloģija	
Lietuva	Nefrologija	
Luxembourg	Néphrologie	
Magyarország	Nefrológia	
Malta	Nefroloġija	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Nefrologia	
Portugal	Nefrologia	
Slovenija	Nefrologija	
Slovensko	Nefrológia	
Suomi/Finland	Nefrologia / nefrologi	
Sverige	Medicinska njursjukdomar (nefrologi)	
United Kingdom	Renal medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Communicable diseases Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Infekční lékařství	
Danmark	Infektionsmedicin	
Deutschland		
Eesti	Infektsioonhaigused	
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Communicable diseases	
Italia	Malattie infettive	
Κύπρος	Λοιμώδη Νοσήματα	
Latvija	Infektoloģija	
Lietuva	Infektologija	
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Infektológia	
Malta	Mard Infettiv	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Choroby zakaźne	
Portugal		
Slovenija	Infektologija	
Slovensko	Infektológia	
Suomi/Finland	Infektiosairaudet / infektionssjukdomar	
Sverige	Infektionssjukdomar	
United Kingdom	Infectious diseases	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Community medicine Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Hygiena a epidemiologie	
Danmark	Samfundsmedicin	
Deutschland	Öffentliches Gesundheitswesen	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Κοινωνική Ιατρική	
España	Medicina preventiva y salud pública	
France	Santé publique et médecine sociale	
Ireland	Community medicine	
Italia	Igiene e medicina sociale	
Κύπρος	Υγειονομία/Κοινοτική Ιατρική	
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Santé publique	
Magyarország	Megelőző orvostan és népegészségtan	
Malta	Saħħa Pubblika	
Nederland	Maatschappij en gezondheid	
Österreich	Sozialmedizin	
Polska	Zdrowie publiczne, epidemiologia	
Portugal		
Slovenija	Javno zdravje	
Slovensko	Hygiena a epidemiológia	
Suomi/Finland	Terveystieteiden tutkimus / hälsöförhållanden	
Sverige	Socialmedicin	
United Kingdom	Public health medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Pharmacology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Klinická farmakologie	
Danmark	Klinisk farmakologi	
Deutschland	Pharmakologie und Toxikologie	
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Farmacología clínica	
France		
Ireland	Clinical pharmacology and therapeutics	
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Klinikai farmakológia	
Malta	Farmakoloġija Klinika u t-Terapewtika	
Nederland		
Österreich	Pharmakologie und Toxikologie	
Polska	Farmakologia kliniczna	
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Klinická farmakológia	
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen farmakologia ja lääkehoito / klinisk farmakologi och läkemedelsbehandling	
Sverige	Klinisk farmakologi	
United Kingdom	Clinical pharmacology and therapeutics	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Occupational medicine Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Médecine du travail / arbeidsgeneeskunde	
Česká republika	Pracovní lékařství	
Danmark	Arbejdsmedicin	
Deutschland	Arbeitsmedizin	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Ιατρική της Εργασίας	
España		
France	Médecine du travail	
Ireland	Occupational medicine	
Italia	Medicina del lavoro	
Κύπρος	Ιατρική της Εργασίας	
Latvija	Arodslimības	
Lietuva	Darbo medicina	
Luxembourg	Médecine du travail	
Magyarország	Foglalkozás-orvostan (üzemorvostan)	
Malta	Mediċina Okkupazzjonali	
Nederland	Arbeid en gezondheid, bedrijfsgeneeskunde Arbeid en gezondheid, verzekeringsgeneeskunde	
Österreich	Arbeits- und Betriebsmedizin	
Polska	Medycyna pracy	
Portugal	Medicina do trabalho	
Slovenija	Medicina dela, prometa in športa	
Slovensko	Klinické pracovné lekárstvo a klinická toxikológia	
Suomi/Finland	Työterveyshuolto / företagshälsovård	
Sverige	Yrkes- och miljömedicin	
United Kingdom	Occupational medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Allergology Minimum length of training course: 3 years		
Belgique/België/ Belgien		
Česká republika	Alergologie a klinická imunologie	
Danmark	Medicinsk allergologi eller medicinske overfølsomhedssygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Αλλεργιολογία	
España	Alergología	
France		
Ireland		
Italia	Allergologia ed immunologia clinica	
Κύπρος	Αλλεργιολογία	
Latvija	Alergoloģija	
Lietuva	Alergologija ir klinikinė imunologija	
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Allergológia és klinikai immunológia	
Malta		
Nederland	Allergologie en inwendige geneeskunde	
Österreich		
Polska	Alergologia	
Portugal	Imuno-alergologia	
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Klinická imunológia a alergológia	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige	Allergisjukdomar	
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Gastro-enterological surgery Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Chirurgie abdominale / heekunde op het abdomen	
Česká republika		
Danmark	Kirurgisk gastroenterologi eller kirurgiske mave-tarm-sygdomme	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Cirugía del aparato digestivo	
France	Chirurgie viscérale et digestive	
Ireland		
Italia	Chirurgia dell'apparato digestivo	
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva	Abdominalinė chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie gastro-entérologique	
Magyarország		
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija	Abdominalna kirurgija	
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland	Gastroenterologinen kirurgia / gastroenterologisk kirurgi	
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Nuclear medicine		
Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Médecine nucléaire / nucleaire geneeskunde	
Česká republika	Nukleární medicína	
Danmark	Klinisk fysiologi og nuklearmedicin	
Deutschland	Nuklearmedizin	
Eesti		
Ελλάς	Πυρηνική Ιατρική	
España	Medicina nuclear	
France	Médecine nucléaire	
Ireland		
Italia	Medicina nucleare	
Κύπρος	Πυρηνική Ιατρική	
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Médecine nucléaire	
Magyarország	Nukleáris medicina (izotóp diagnosztika)	
Malta	Mediċina Nukleari	
Nederland	Nucleaire geneeskunde	
Österreich	Nuklearmedizin	
Polska	Medycyna nuklearna	
Portugal	Medicina nuclear	
Slovenija	Nuklearna medicina	
Slovensko	Nukleárna medicína	
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen fysiologia ja isotooppilääketiede / klinisk fysiologi och nukleärmedicin	
Sverige	Nukleärmedicin	
United Kingdom	Nuclear medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Accident and emergency medicine Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Traumatologie Urgentní medicína	
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Accident and emergency medicine	
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország	Traumatológia	
Malta	Medicina tal-Accidenti u l-Emergenza	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska	Medycyna ratunkowa	
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko	Úrazová chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom	Accident and emergency medicine	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Clinical neurophysiology Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika		
Danmark	Klinisk neurofysiologi	
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Neurofisiología clínica	
France		
Ireland	Neurophysiology	
Italia		
Κύπρος		
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg		
Magyarország		
Malta	Newrofizjologija Klinika	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland	Kliininen neurofysiologia / klinisk neurofysiologi	
Sverige	Klinisk neurofysiologi	
United Kingdom	Clinical neurophysiology	

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Maxillo-facial surgery (basic medical training) Minimum length of training course: 5 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien		
Česká republika	Maxilofaciální chirurgie	
Danmark		
Deutschland		
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España	Cirugía oral y maxilofacial	
France	Chirurgie maxillo-faciale et stomatologie	
Ireland		
Italia	Chirurgia maxillo-facciale	
Κύπρος		
Latvija	Mutes, sejas un žokļu ķirurģija	
Lietuva	Veido ir žandikaulių chirurgija	
Luxembourg	Chirurgie maxillo-faciale	
Magyarország	Szájsebészet	
Malta		
Nederland		
Österreich	Mund – Kiefer – und Gesichtschirurgie	
Polska	Chirurgia szczękowo-twarzowa	
Portugal		
Slovenija	Maksilofacialna kirurgija	
Slovensko	Maxilofaciálna chirurgia	
Suomi/Finland		
Sverige		
United Kingdom		

Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body
Dental, oral and maxillo-facial surgery (basic medical and dental training) Minimum length of training course: 4 years		
Belgique/België/Belgien	Stomatologie et chirurgie orale et maxillo-faciale / stomatologie en mond-, kaak- en aangezichtschirurgie	
Česká republika		
Danmark		
Deutschland	Mund-, Kiefer- und Gesichtschirurgie	
Eesti		
Ελλάς		
España		
France		
Ireland	Oral and maxillo-facial surgery	
Italia		
Κύπρος	Στοματο-Γναθο-Προσωποχειρουργική	
Latvija		
Lietuva		
Luxembourg	Chirurgie dentaire, orale et maxillo-faciale	
Magyarország	Arc-állcsont-szájsebészet	
Malta	Kirurgija tal-ghadam tal-wieċ	
Nederland		
Österreich		
Polska		
Portugal		
Slovenija		
Slovensko		
Suomi/Finland	Suu- ja leukakirurgia / oral och maxillofacial kirurgi	
Sverige		
United Kingdom	Oral and maxillo-facial surgery".	

2. Nurses

31977 L 0452: Council Directive 77/452/EEC of 27 June 1977 concerning the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of the formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care, including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment and freedom to provide services (OJ L 176, 15.7.1977, p. 1), as amended by:

- 11979 H: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Hellenic Republic (OJ L 291, 19.11.1979, p. 17),
- 31981 L 1057: Council Directive 81/1057/EEC of 14.12.1981 (OJ L 385, 31.12.1981, p. 25),
- 11985 I: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic (OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23),
- 31989 L 0594: Council Directive 89/594/EEC of 30.10.1989 (OJ L 341, 23.11.1989, p. 19),
- 31989 L 0595: Council Directive 89/595/EEC of 10.10.1989 (OJ L 341, 23.11.1989, p. 30),
- 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),

- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
 - 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).
- (a) The following is added to Article 1(2):

"in the Czech Republic:

"všeobecná sestra/všeobecný ošetrovatel";

in Estonia:

"õde";

in Cyprus:

"Εγγεγραμμένος Νοσηλευτής";

in Latvia:

"māsa";

in Lithuania:

"Bendrosios praktikos slaugytojas";

in Hungary:

"ápoló";

in Malta:

"Infermier Registrat tal-Ewwel Livell";

in Poland:

"pielęgniarka";

in Slovenia:

"diplomirana medicinska sestra / diplomirani zdravstvenik";

in Slovakia:

"sestra".

(b) The following Articles are inserted after Article 4a:

"Article 4b

As regards the Polish qualification of nurse responsible for general care, only the following acquired rights provisions will apply:

In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, Poland before the date of accession and which does not satisfy the minimum training requirements laid down in Article 1 of Directive 77/453/EEC, Member States shall recognise the following diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof if accompanied by a certificate stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities of a nurse responsible for general care in Poland for the period specified below:

- diploma of bachelor of nursing (*dyplom licencjata pielęgniarstwa*) – at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate,
- diploma of nurse (*dyplom pielęgniarki albo pielęgniarki dyplomowanej*) with post-secondary education obtained from a medical vocational school – at least five consecutive years during the seven years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

The said activities must have included taking full responsibility for the planning, organisation and carrying out of the nursing care of the patient.

Article 4c

1. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Czech qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

5. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

6. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications of nurse responsible for general care were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in general care nursing as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications of nurse responsible for general care as regards access to the profession of nurse responsible for general care and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.";

(c) in the Annex, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	1. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu ošetrovatelství ve studijním oboru všeobecná sestra (bakalář, Bc.) 2. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním oboru diplomovaná všeobecná sestra (diplomovaný specialista, DiS.)	1. Vysoká škola zřízená nebo uznaná státem 2. Vyšší odborná škola zřízená nebo uznaná státem	1. Vysvědčení o státní závěrečné zkoušce 2. Vysvědčení o absolutoriu"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom õe erialal	1. Tallinna Meditsiinikool 2. Tartu Meditsiinikool 3. Kohtla-Järve Meditsiinikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Δίπλωμα Γενικής Νοσηλευτικής	Νοσηλευτική Σχολή	
Latvija	1. diploms par māšas kvalifikācijas iegūšanu 2.māšas diploms	1.Māsu skolas 2.Universitātes tipa augstskola pamatojoties uz Valsts eksāmenu komisijas lēmumu	
Lietuva	1. Aukštojo mokslo diplomas, nurodantis suteiktą bendrosios praktikos slaugytojo profesinę kvalifikaciją 2. Aukštojo mokslo diplomas (neuniversitetinės studijos), nurodantis suteiktą bendrosios praktikos slaugytojo profesinę kvalifikaciją	1. Universitetas 2. Kolegija"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	1. Ápoló bizonyítvány 2. Diplomás ápoló oklevél 3. Egyetemi okleveles ápoló oklevél	1. Iskola 2. Egyetem / főiskola 3. Egyetem	
Malta	Lawrja jew diploma fl-istudji tal-infermerija	Universita `ta' Malta"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal

"Polska	Dyplom ukończenia studiów wyższych na kierunku pielęgniarstwo z tytułem "magister pielęgniarstwa"	1. Uniwersytet Medyczny 2. Collegium Medicum Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov "diplomirana medicinska sestra / diplomirani zdravstvenik"	1. Univerza 2. Visoka strokovna šola	
Slovensko	1. Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "magister z ošetrovatel'stva" ("Mgr.") 2. Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "bakalár z ošetrovatel'stva" ("Bc.") 3. Absolventský diplom v študijnom odbore diplomovaná všeobecná sestra	1. Vysoká škola 2. Vysoká škola 3. Stredná zdravotnícka škola"	

3. Practitioners of Dentistry

- (a) 31978 L 0686: Council Directive 78/686/EEC of 25 July 1978 concerning the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of the formal qualifications of practitioners of dentistry, including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment and freedom to provide services (OJ L 233, 24.8.1978, p. 1), as amended by:
- 11979 H: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Hellenic Republic (OJ L 291, 19.11.1979, p. 17),
 - 31981 L 1057: Council Directive 81/1057/EEC of 14.12.1981 (OJ L 385, 31.12.1981, p. 25),
 - 11985 I: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic (OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23),
 - 31989 L 0594: Council Directive 89/594/EEC of 30.10.1989 (OJ L 341, 23.11.1989, p. 19),
 - 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),

- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

(i) The following is added to Article 1:

- "– in the Czech Republic:
Zubní lékař,
- in Estonia:
Hambaarst,
- in Cyprus:
Οδοντίατρος,
- in Latvia:
Zobārsts,
- in Lithuania:
Gydytojas odontologas,
- in Hungary:
Fogorvos,

- in Malta:
Kirurgu Dentali,
- in Poland:
Lekarz dentysta,
- in Slovenia:
Doktor dentalne medicine / Doktorica dentalne medicine,
- in Slovakia:
Zubný lekár".

(ii) The following Article is inserted after Article 7a:

"Article 7b

1. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as regards access to the dental profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as regards access to the dental profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as regards access to the dental profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in dentistry or dental specialities as regards access to the dental profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate."

- (iii) In Article 8(1), the words "Articles 2, 4, 7 and 19" are replaced with the words "Articles 2, 4, 7, 19, 19a, 19b, 19c and 19d".
- (iv) In Article 17, the words "laid down in Articles 2, 7(1) and 19" are replaced with the words "laid down in Articles 2, 7(1), 19, 19a, 19b, 19c and 19d".

(v) The following Articles are inserted after Article 19b:

"Article 19c

1. From the date of accession of the Czech Republic, Member States shall recognise, for the purposes of carrying out the activities referred to in Article 1 of this Directive, the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine awarded in the Czech Republic or in the former Czechoslovakia to persons who began their university medical training before accession, accompanied by a certificate issued by the competent Czech authorities certifying that these persons have effectively, lawfully and principally been engaged in the Czech Republic in the activities specified in Article 5 of Directive 78/687/EEC for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the issue of the certificate and that these persons are authorised to carry out the said activities under the same conditions as holders of the diploma referred to in Annex A to this Directive.
2. The requirement of three years' experience referred to in the first subparagraph shall be waived in the case of persons who have successfully completed at least three years of study which are certified by the competent authorities as being equivalent to the training referred to in Article 1 of Directive 78/687/EEC.

Article 19d

1. From the date of accession of Slovakia, Member States shall recognise, for the purposes of carrying out the activities referred to in Article 1 of this Directive, the diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in medicine awarded in Slovakia or in the former Czechoslovakia to persons who began their university medical training before accession, accompanied by a certificate issued by the competent Slovak authorities certifying that these persons have effectively, lawfully and principally been engaged in Slovakia in the activities specified in Article 5 of Directive 78/687/EEC for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the issue of the certificate and that these persons are authorised to carry out the said activities under the same conditions as holders of the diploma referred to in Annex A to this Directive.

2. The requirement of three years' experience referred to in the first subparagraph shall be waived in the case of persons who have successfully completed at least three years of study which are certified by the competent authorities as being equivalent to the training referred to in Article 1 of Directive 78/687/EEC."

(vi) In Annex A, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu zubní lékařství (doktor zubního lékařství, Dr. med. Dent.)	Lékařská fakulta univerzity v České republice	Vysvědčení o státní rigorózní zkoušce"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom hambaarstiteaduse õppekava läbimise kohta	Tartu Ülikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Εγγραφής Οδοντιάτρου	Οδοντιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	Zobārsta diploms	Universitātes tipa augstskola	Rezidenta diploms par zobārsta pēc diplomu izglītības programmas pabeigšanu, ko izsniedz universitātes tipa augstskola un "Sertifikāts" – kompetentās iestādes izsniegts dokuments, kas apliecina, ka persona ir nokārtojusi sertifikācijas eksāmenu zobārstniecībā

Lietuva	Aukštojo mokslo diplomas, nurodantis suteiktą gydytojo odontologo kvalifikaciją	Universitetas	Internatūros pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą gydytojo odontologo profesinę kvalifikaciją"
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and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Fogorvos oklevél (doctor medicinae dentariae, abbrev.: dr. med. dent.)	Egyetem	
Malta	Lawrja fil-Kirurgija Dentali	Universita` ta Malta"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom ukończenia studiów wyższych z tytułem "lekarz dentysta"	1. Akademia Medyczna, 2. Uniwersytet Medyczny, 3. Collegium Medicum Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego	Lekarsko – Dentystyczny Egzamin Państwowy"
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov "doktor dentalne medicine / doktorica dentalne medicine"	Univerza	Potrđilo o opravljenem strokovnem izpitu za poklic zobozdravnik / zobozdravnica
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Slovensko	Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "doktor zubného lékařstva" ("MDDr.")	Vysoká škola"	
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(vii) In Annex B, 1. Orthodontics, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	—		"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Residentuuri lõputunnistus ortodontia erialal	Tartu Ülikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Αναγνώρισης του Ειδικού Οδοντιάτρου στην Ορθοδοντική	Οδοντιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	"Sertifikāts" – kompetentas iestādes izsniegts dokuments, kas apliecina, ka persona ir nokārtojusi sertifikācijas eksāmenu ortodontijā	Latvijas Ārstu biedrība	
Lietuva	Rezidentūros pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą gydytojo ortodonto profesinę kvalifikaciją	Universitetas"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Fogszabályozás szakorvosa bizonyítvány	Az Egészségügyi, Szociális és Családügyi Minisztérium illetékes testülete	
Malta	Ċertifikat ta' speċjalista dentali fl-Ortodonzja	Kumitat ta' Approvazzjoni dwar Speċjalisti"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom uzyskania tytułu specjalisty w dziedzinie ortodoncji	Centrum Egzaminów Medycznych"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Potrdilo o opravljenem specialističnem izpitu iz čeljustne in zobne ortopedije	1. Ministrstvo za zdravje 2. Zdravniška zbornica Slovenije	
Slovensko	—	"	

(viii) In Annex B, 2. Oral surgery, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	—		"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	—		"
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Αναγνώρισης του Ειδικού Οδοντιάτρου στην Στοματική Χειρουργική	Οδοντιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	—		
Lietuva	Rezidentūros pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą burnos chirurgo profesinę kvalifikaciją	Universitetas"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Dento-alveoláris sebészet szakorvosa bizonyítvány	Az Egészségügyi, Szociális és Családügyi Minisztérium illetékes testülete	
Malta	Ċertifikat ta' speċjalista dentali fil-Kirurgija tal- ħalq	Kumitat ta' Approvazzjoni dwar Speċjalisti"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom uzyskania tytułu specjalisty w dziedzinie chirurgii stomatologicznej	Centrum Egzaminów Medycznych"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Potrdilo o opravljenem specialističnem izpitu iz oralne kirurgije	1. Ministrstvo za zdravje 2. Zdravniška zbornica Slovenije	
Slovensko	—	"	

- (b) 31978 L 0687 Council Directive 78/687/EEC of 25 July 1978 concerning the coordination of provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in respect of the activities of dental practitioners (OJ L 233, 24.08.1978 p. 10), as amended by:
- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
 - 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

In Article 6, the words "Article 19" are replaced by the words "Articles 19, 19a, 19b, 19c and 19d".

4. Veterinary Medicine

31978 L 1026: Council Directive 78/1026/EEC of 18 December 1978 concerning the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine, including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment and freedom to provide services (OJ L 362, 23.12.1978, p. 1), as amended by:

- 11979 H: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Hellenic Republic (OJ L 291, 19.11.1979, p. 17),
- 31981 L 1057: Council Directive 81/1057/EEC of 14.12.1981 (OJ L 385, 31.12.1981, p. 25),
- 11985 I: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic (OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23),
- 31989 L 0594: Council Directive 89/594/EEC of 30.10.1989 (OJ L 341, 23.11.1989, p. 19),
- 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),

- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
 - 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).
- (a) The following Articles are inserted after Article 4a:

"Article 4b

In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, Estonia before the date of accession, Member States shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof if accompanied by a certificate stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in Estonia for at least five consecutive years during the seven years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

Article 4c

1. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Czech qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Estonia for at least five consecutive years during the seven years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

5. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

6. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in veterinary medicine as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in veterinary medicine as regards access to the veterinary profession and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate."

(b) In the Annex, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	1. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu veterinární lékařství (doktor veterinární medicíny, MVDr.) 2. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu veterinární hygiena a ekologie (doktor veterinární medicíny, MVDr.)	Veterinární fakulta univerzity v České republice"	
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom: täitnud veterinaarmeditsiin i õppekava	Eesti Põllumajandusülikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Εγγραφής Κτηνιάτρου	Κτηνιατρικό Συμβούλιο	
Latvija	Veterinā rā rsta diploms	Latvijas Lauksaimniecības Universitāte	
Lietuva	Aukštojo mokslo diplomas (veterinarijos gydytojo (DVM))	Lietuvos Veterinarijos Akademija"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Állatorvos doktor oklevél – dr. med. vet.	Szent István Egyetem Állatorvos- tudományi Kar	
Malta	Liċenzja ta' Kirurgu Veterinarju	Kunsill tal-Kirurgi Veterinarji"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom lekarza weterynarii	1. Szkoła Główna Gospodarstwa Wiejskiego w Warszawie 2. Akademia Rolnicza we Wrocławiu 3. Akademia Rolnicza w Lublinie 4. Uniwersytet Warmińsko-Mazurski w Olsztynie"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov "doktor veterinarske medicine / doktorica veterinarske medicine"	Univerza	Spričevalo o opravljenem državnem izpitu s področja veterinarstva
Slovensko	Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "doktor veterinárskej medicíny" ("MVDr.")	Univerzita veterinárskeho lekárstva"	

5. Midwives

31980 L 0154: Council Directive 80/154/EEC of 21 January 1980 concerning the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery and including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment and freedom to provide services (OJ L 33, 11.2.1980, p. 1), as amended by:

- 31980 L 1273: Council Directive 80/1273/EEC of 22.12.1980 (OJ L 375, 31.12.1980, p. 74),
- 11985 I: Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic (OJ L 302, 15.11.1985, p. 23),
- 31989 L 0594: Council Directive 89/594/EEC of 30.10.1989 (OJ L 341, 23.11.1989, p. 19),
- 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),
- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

(a) The following is added to Article 1:

"in the Czech Republic:

- "Porodní asistentka/porodní asistent",

in Estonia:

- "Ämmaemand",

in Cyprus:

- "Εγγεγραμμένη Μαία",

in Latvia:

- "Vecmāte",

in Lithuania:

- "Akušeris",

in Hungary:

- "Szülésznő",

in Malta:

- "Qabla",

in Poland:

- "Położna",

in Slovenia:

- "Diplomirana babica / Diplomirani babičar",

in Slovakia:

- "Pôrodná asistentka".

(b) The following Articles are inserted after Article 5a:

"Article 5b

As regards Polish qualifications in midwifery, only the following acquired rights provisions will apply:

In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, Poland before the date of accession and which does not satisfy the minimum training requirements laid down in Article 1 of Directive 80/155/EEC, Member States shall recognise the following diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof if accompanied by a certificate stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities of a midwife in Poland for the period specified below:

- diploma of bachelor of midwifery (*dyplom licencjata położnictwa*) – at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate,
- diploma of midwife (*dyplom położnej*) with post-secondary education obtained from a medical vocational school – at least five consecutive years during the seven years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

Article 5c

1. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Czech qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

5. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

6. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in midwifery as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in midwifery as regards access to the profession of midwife and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activity in question in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate."

(c) In the Annex, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	1. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu ošetrovatelství ve studijním oboru porodní asistentka (bakalář, Bc.) 2. Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním oboru diplomovaná porodní asistentka (diplomovaný specialista, DiS.)	1. Vysoká škola zřízená nebo uznaná státem 2. Vyšší odborná škola zřízená nebo uznaná státem	1. Vysvědčení o státní závěrečné zkoušce 2. Vysvědčení o absolutoriu"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom ämmaemanda erialal	1. Tallinna MeditSiinikool 2. Tartu MeditSiinikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Δίπλωμα στο μεταβατικό πρόγραμμα Μαιευτικής	Νοσηλευτική Σχολή	
Latvija	Diploms par vecmātes kvalifikācijas iegūšanu	Māsu skolas	
Lietuva	1. Aukštojo mokslo diplomas, nurodantis suteiktą bendrosios praktikos slaugytojo profesinę kvalifikaciją, ir profesinės kvalifikacijos pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą akušerio profesinę kvalifikaciją 2. Aukštojo mokslo diplomas (neuniversitetinės studijos), nurodantis suteiktą bendrosios praktikos slaugytojo profesinę kvalifikaciją, ir profesinės kvalifikacijos pažymėjimas, nurodantis suteiktą akušerio profesinę kvalifikaciją 3. Aukštojo mokslo diplomas (neuniversitetinės studijos), nurodantis suteiktą akušerio profesinę kvalifikaciją	1. Universitetas 2. Kolegija 3. Kolegija	1.Pažymėjimas, liudijantis profesinę praktiką akušerijoje 2.Pažymėjimas, liudijantis profesinę praktiką akušerijoje"

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Szülészni bizonyítvány	Iskola/főiskola	
Malta	Lawrja jew diploma fl- Istudji tal-Qwiebel	Universita` ta' Malta"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom ukończenia studiów wyższych na kierunku położnictwo z tytułem "magister położnictwa"	1. Uniwersytet Medyczny 2. Collegium Medicum Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naslov "diplomirana babica / diplomirani babičar"	1. Univerza 2. Visoka strokovna šola	
Slovensko	1. Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "bakalár z pôrodnej asistencie" ("Bc.") 2. Absolventský diplom v študijnom odbore diplomovaná pôrodná asistentka	1. Vysoká škola 2. Stredná zdravotnícka škola"	

6. Pharmacy

31985 L 0433: Council Directive 85/433/EEC of 16 September 1985 concerning the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy, including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment relating to certain activities in the field of pharmacy (OJ L 253, 24.9.1985, p. 37), as amended by:

- 31985 L 0584: Council Directive 85/584/EEC of 20.12.1985 (OJ L 372, 31.12.1985, p. 42),
- 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),
- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

(a) The following is inserted after Article 6a:

"Article 6b

1. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Czech qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in the Czech Republic.

2. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Estonian qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in Estonia.

3. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Latvian qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in Latvia.

4. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Lithuanian qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in Lithuania.

5. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovak qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in Slovakia.

6. In the case of nationals of Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in pharmacy as being sufficient proof when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same legal validity as Slovenian qualifications in pharmacy as regards access to the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC and practice thereof. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in one of the activities referred to in Article 1(2) of Directive 85/432/EEC in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate, provided that such activity is regulated in Slovenia."

(b) In the Annex, the first row of the table is replaced by the following:

"Country	Title of qualification	Awarding body	Certificate accompanying qualification"
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(c) In the Annex, the following is inserted between the entries for Belgium and Denmark:

"Česká republika	Diplom o ukončení studia ve studijním programu farmacie (magistr, Mgr.)	Farmaceutická fakulta univerzity v České republice	Vysvědčení o státní závěrečné zkoušce"
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and, between the entries for Germany and Greece:

"Eesti	Diplom proviisori õppekava läbimise	Tartu Ülikool"	
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and, between the entries for Italy and Luxembourg:

"Κύπρος	Πιστοποιητικό Εγγραφής Φαρμακοποιού	Συμβούλιο Φαρμακευτικής	
Latvija	Farmaceita diploms	Universitātes tipa augstskola	
Lietuva	Aukštojo mokslo diplomas, nurodantis suteiktą vaistininko profesinę kvalifikaciją	Universitetas"	

and, between the entries for Luxembourg and the Netherlands:

"Magyarország	Okleveles gyógyszerész oklevél (magister pharmaciae, abbrev.: mag. pharm)	Egyetem	
Malta	Lawrja fil- farmacija	Universita` ta' Malta"	

and, between the entries for Austria and Portugal:

"Polska	Dyplom ukończenia studiów wyższych na kierunku farmacja z tytułem magistra	1. Akademia Medyczna 2. Uniwersytet Medyczny 3. Collegium Medicum Uniwersytetu Jagiellońskiego"	
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and, between the entries for Portugal and Finland:

"Slovenija	Diploma, s katero se podeljuje strokovni naziv "magister farmacije / magistra farmacije"	Univerza	Potrdilo o opravljenem strokovnem izpitu za poklic magister farmacije / magistra farmacije
Slovensko	Vysokoškolský diplom o udelení akademického titulu "magister farmácie" ("Mgr.")	Vysoká škola"	

IV. ARCHITECTURE

31985 L 0384: Council Directive 85/384/EEC of 10 June 1985 on the mutual recognition of diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in architecture, including measures to facilitate the effective exercise of the right of establishment and freedom to provide services (OJ L 223, 21.8.1985, p. 15), as amended by:

- 31985 L 0614: Council Directive 85/614/EEC of 20.12.1985 (OJ L 376, 31.12.1985, p. 1),
- 31986 L 0017: Council Directive 86/17/EEC of 27.1.1986 (OJ L 27, 1.2.1986, p. 71),
- 31990 L 0658: Council Directive 90/658/EEC of 4.12.1990 (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 73),
- 11994 N: Act concerning the conditions of accession and adjustments to the Treaties – Accession of the Republic of Austria, the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden (OJ C 241, 29.8.1994, p. 21),
- 32001 L 0019: Directive 2001/19/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14.5.2001 (OJ L 206, 31.7.2001, p. 1).

(a) The following is added to Article 11:

"(o) in the Czech Republic:

- the diplomas awarded by the faculties of "České vysoké učení technické" (Czech Technical University in Prague):
- "Vysoká škola architektury a pozemního stavitelství" (Faculty of Architecture and Building Construction) (until 1951),
- "Fakulta architektury a pozemního stavitelství" (Faculty of Architecture and Building Construction) (from 1951 until 1960),
- "Fakulta stavební" (Faculty of Civil Engineering) (from 1960) in the fields of study: building construction and structures, building construction, construction and architecture, architecture (including city planning and land use planning), civil construction and construction for industrial and agricultural production, or in the programme of study of civil engineering in the field of study of building construction and architecture,
- "Fakulta architektury" (Faculty of Architecture) (from 1976) in the fields of study: architecture, city planning and land use planning, or in the programme of study: architecture and city planning in the fields of study: architecture, theory of architecture design, city planning and land use planning, history of architecture and reconstruction of historical monuments, or architecture and building construction,

- the diplomas awarded by "Vysoká škola technická Dr. Edvarda Beneše" (until 1951) in the field of architecture and construction,
- the diplomas awarded by "Vysoká škola stavitelství v Brně" (from 1951 until 1956) in the field of architecture and construction,
- the diplomas awarded by "Vysoké učení technické v Brně", by "Fakulta architektury" (Faculty of Architecture) (from 1956) in the field of study of architecture and city planning or "Fakulta stavební" (Faculty of Civil Engineering) (from 1956) in the field of study of construction,
- the diplomas awarded by "Vysoká škola báňská – Technická univerzita Ostrava", "Fakulta stavební" (Faculty of Civil Engineering) (from 1997) in the field of study of structures and architecture or in the field of study of civil engineering,
- the diplomas awarded by "Technická univerzita v Liberci", "Fakulta architektury" (Faculty of Architecture) (from 1994) in the programme of study of architecture and city planning in the field of study of architecture,
- the diplomas awarded by "Akademie výtvarných umění v Praze" in the programme of fine arts in the field of study of architectural design,

- the diplomas awarded by "Vysoká škola umělecko-průmyslová v Praze" in the programme of fine arts in the field of study of architecture,
- a certificate of the authorisation awarded by "Česká komora architektů" without any specification of the field or in the field of building construction;

(p) in Estonia:

diplom arhitektuuri erialal, väljastatud Eesti Kunstiakadeemia arhitektuuri teaduskonna poolt alates 1996 aastast (diploma in architectural studies awarded by the Faculty of Architecture at the Estonian Academy of Arts since 1996), väljastatud Tallinna Kunstiülikooli poolt 1989-1995 aastal (awarded by Tallinn Art University in 1989-1995), väljastatud Eesti NSV Riikliku Kunstiinstituudi poolt 1951-1988 (awarded by the State Art Institute of the Estonian SSR in 1951-1988);

(q) in Cyprus:

Βεβαίωση Εγγραφής στο Μητρώο Αρχιτεκτόνων που εκδίδεται από το Επιστημονικό και Τεχνικό Επιμελητήριο Κύπρου (Certificate of Registration in the Register of Architects issued by the Scientific and Technical Chamber of Cyprus (ETEK));

(r) in Latvia:

"arhitekta diploms" ko izsniegusi Latvijas Valsts Universitātes Inženierceltniecības fakultātes Arhitektūras nodaļa līdz 1958.gadam, Rīgas Politehniskā Institūta Celtniecības fakultātes Arhitektūras nodaļa no 1958 gada līdz 1991.gadam, Rīgas Tehniskās Universitātes Arhitektūras fakultāte kopš 1991. gada, un "Arhitekta prakses sertifikāts", ko izsniedz Latvijas Arhitektu savienība

("diploma of architect" awarded by the Department of Architecture of the Faculty of Civil Engineering of Latvia State University until 1958, the Department of Architecture of the faculty of Civil Engineering of Riga Polytechnical Institute 1958 – 1991, the Faculty of Architecture of Riga Technical University since 1991, and the certificate of registration by the Architects Association of Latvia);

(s) in Lithuania:

- the engineer architect/architect diplomas awarded by Kauno politechnikos institutas until 1969 (inžinierius architektas/architektas),
- the architect/bachelor of architecture/master of architecture diplomas awarded by Vilnius inžinerinis statybos institutas until 1990, Vilniaus technikos universitetas until 1996, Vilnius Gedimino technikos universitetas since 1996 (architektas/architektūros bakalauros/architektūros magistras),

- the diplomas for specialist having completed the course in architecture/bachelor of architecture/master of architecture awarded by LTSR Valstybinis dailės institutas until 1990; Vilniaus dailės akademija since 1990 (architektūros kursas/architektūros bakalauras/architektūros magistras),
- the bachelor of architecture/master of architecture diplomas awarded by Kauno technologijos universitetas since 1997 (architektūros bakalauras/architektūros magistras),

all accompanied by the Certificate issued by the Attestation Commission conferring the right to pursue activities in the field of architecture (Certified Architect/Atestuotas architektas);

(t) in Hungary:

- "okleveles építésmérnök" diploma (diploma in architecture, master of sciences in architecture) awarded by universities,
- "okleveles építész tervező művész" diploma (diploma of master of sciences in architecture and building engineering) awarded by universities;

(u) in Malta:

Perit: Lawrja ta' Perit awarded by the Universita` ta' Malta, which gives entitlement to registration as a Perit;

(v) in Poland:

the diplomas awarded by the faculties of architecture of:

- the Warsaw University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture in Warszawa (Politechnika Warszawska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect: inżynier architekt, magister nauk technicznych; inżynier architekt; inżyniera magistra architektury; magistra inżyniera architektury; magistra inżyniera architekta; magister inżynier architekt
(from 1945 until 1948, title: inżynier architekt, magister nauk technicznych; from 1951 until 1956, title: inżynier architekt; from 1954 until 1957, 2nd stage, title: inżyniera magistra architektury; from 1957 until 1959, title: inżyniera magistra architektury; from 1959 until 1964: title: magistra inżyniera architektury; from 1964 until 1982, title: magistra inżyniera architekta; from 1983 until 1990, title: magister inżynier architekt; since 1991 title: magistra inżyniera architekta),

- the Cracow University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture in Kraków (Politechnika Krakowska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect: magister inżynier architekt
(from 1945 until 1953 University of Mining and Metallurgy, Polytechnic Faculty of Architecture – Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza, Politechniczny Wydział Architektury),
- the Wrocław University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture in Wrocław (Politechnika Wrocławska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect: inżynier architekt, magister nauk technicznych; magister inżynier architektury; magister inżynier architekt
(from 1949 until 1964, title: inżynier architekt, magister nauk technicznych; from 1956 until 1964, title: magister inżynier architektury; since 1964, title: magister inżynier architekt),
- the Silesian University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture in Gliwice (Politechnika Śląska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect: inżynier architekt; magister inżynier architekt
(from 1945 until 1955, Faculty of Engineering and Construction – Wydział Inżynieryjno-Budowlany, title: inżynier architekt; from 1961 until 1969, Faculty of Industrial Construction and General Engineering – Wydział Budownictwa Przemysłowego i Ogólnego, title: magister inżynier architekt; from 1969 until 1976, Faculty of Civil Engineering and Architecture – Wydział Budownictwa i Architektury, title: magister inżynier architekt; since 1977, Faculty of Architecture – Wydział Architektury, title: magister inżynier architekt and since 1995, title: inżynier architekt),

- the Poznan University of Technology, Faculty of Architecture in Poznań
(Politechnika Poznańska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect:
inżynier architektury; inżynier architekt; magister inżynier architekt
(from 1945 until 1955 Engineering School, Faculty of Architecture – Szkoła
Inżynierska, Wydział Architektury title: inżynier architektury; since 1978, title:
magister inżynier architekt and since 1999, title: inżynier architekt),

- the Technical University of Gdańsk, Faculty of Architecture in Gdańsk
(Politechnika Gdańska, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect:
magister inżynier architekt
(from 1945 until 1969 Faculty of Architecture – Wydział Architektury, from 1969
until 1971 Faculty of Civil Engineering and Architecture – Wydział Budownictwa i
Architektury, from 1971 until 1981 Institut of Architecture and Urban Planning –
Instytut Architektury i Urbanistyki, since 1981 Faculty of Architecture – Wydział
Architektury),

- the Białystok Technical University, Faculty of Architecture in Białystok
(Politechnika Białostocka, Wydział Architektury); the professional title of architect:
magister inżynier architekt
(from 1975 until 1989 Institut of Architecture – Instytut Architektury),

- the Technical University of Łódź, Faculty of Civil Engineering, Architecture and Environmental Engineering in Łódź (Politechnika Łódzka, Wydział Budownictwa, Architektury i Inżynierii Środowiska); the professional title of architect: inżynier architekt; magister inżynier architekt (from 1973 until 1993 Faculty of Civil Engineering and Architecture – Wydział Budownictwa i Architektury and since 1992 Faculty of Civil Engineering, Architecture and Environmental Engineering – Wydział Budownictwa, Architektury i Inżynierii Środowiska; title: from 1973 until 1978, title: inżynier architekt, since 1978, title: magister inżynier architekt),
- the Technical University of Szczecin, Faculty of Civil Engineering and Architecture in Szczecin (Politechnika Szczecińska, Wydział Budownictwa i Architektury); the professional title of architect: inżynier architekt; magister inżynier architekt (from 1948 until 1954 High Engineering School, Faculty of Architecture – Wyższa Szkoła Inżynierska, Wydział Architektury, title: inżynier architekt, since 1970, title: magister inżynier architekt and since 1998, title: inżynier architekt),

all accompanied by the certificate of membership issued by the relevant regional architects' chamber in Poland conferring the right to pursue activities in the field of architecture in Poland;

(w) in Slovenia:

- "univerzitetni diplomirani inženir arhitekture / univerzitetna diplomirana inženirka arhitekture" (university diploma in architecture) awarded by the faculty of architecture, accompanied by a certificate of the competent authority in the field of architecture recognised by law, conferring the right to pursue activities in the field of architecture,
- a university diploma awarded by technical faculties awarding the title of "univerzitetni diplomirani inženir (univ.dipl.inž.) / univerzitetna diplomirana inženirka" accompanied by a certificate of the competent authority in the field of architecture recognised by law, conferring the right to pursue activities in the field of architecture;

(x) in Slovakia:

- diploma in the field of study "architecture and building construction" ("architektúra a pozemné staviteľstvo") awarded by the Slovak Technical University (Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava in 1950 – 1952 (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "architecture" ("architektúra") awarded by the Faculty of Architecture and Building Construction of the Slovak Technical University (Fakulta architektúry a pozemného staviteľstva, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava in 1952 – 1960 (title: Ing. arch.),

- diploma in the field of study "building construction" ("pozemné staviteľstvo") awarded by the Faculty of Architecture and Building Construction of the Slovak Technical University (Fakulta architektúry a pozemného staviteľstva, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava in 1952 – 1960 (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "architecture" ("architektúra") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava in 1961 – 1976, (title: Ing. arch.),
- diploma in the field of study "building construction" ("pozemné stavby") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava in 1961 – 1976, (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "architecture" ("architektúra") awarded by the Faculty of Architecture of the Slovak Technical University (Fakulta architektúry, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava since 1977 (title: Ing. arch.),
- diploma in the field of study "urban design" ("urbanizmus") awarded by the Faculty of Architecture of the Slovak Technical University (Fakulta architektúry, Slovenská vysoká škola technická) in Bratislava since 1977 (title: Ing. arch.),
- diploma in the field of study "building construction" ("pozemné stavby") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Slovenská technická univerzita) in Bratislava in 1977- 1997 (title: Ing.),

- diploma in the field of study "architecture and building construction" ("architektúra a pozemné stavby") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Slovenská technická univerzita) in Bratislava since 1998 (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "building construction – specialisation: architecture" ("pozemné stavby – špecializácia: architektúra") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Slovenská technická univerzita) in Bratislava in 2000 – 2001 (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "building construction and architecture" ("pozemné stavby a architektúra") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Slovak Technical University (Stavebná fakulta – Slovenská technická univerzita) in Bratislava since 2001 (title: Ing.),
- diploma in the field of study "architecture" ("architektúra") awarded by the Academy of Fine Arts and Design (Vysoká škola výtvarných umení) in Bratislava since 1969 (title: Akad. arch. until 1990; Mgr. in 1990 – 1992; Mgr. arch. in 1992 – 1996; Mgr. art. since 1997),
- diploma in the field of study "building construction" ("pozemné staviteľstvo") awarded by the Civil Engineering Faculty of the Technical University (Stavebná fakulta, Technická univerzita) in Košice in 1981- 1991 (title: Ing.),

all accompanied by:

- an authorisation certificate issued by the Slovak Chamber of Architects (Slovenská komora architektov) in Bratislava without any specification of the field or in the field of "building construction" ("pozemné stavby") or "land use planning" ("územné plánovanie"),
- an authorisation certificate issued by the Slovak Chamber of Civil Engineers (Slovenská komora stavebných inžinierov) in Bratislava in the field of building construction ("pozemné stavby")',

(b) The following is inserted after Article 11:

"Article 11a

1. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of the Czech Republic attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Czech qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in activities in the field of architecture in the territory of the Czech Republic for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

2. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 20 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of Estonia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Estonian qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in activities in the field of architecture in the territory of Estonia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

3. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 21 August 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of Latvia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Latvian qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in activities in the field of architecture in the territory of Latvia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

4. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Soviet Union before 11 March 1990, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of Lithuania attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Lithuanian qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in activities in the field of architecture in the territory of Lithuania for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

5. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, the former Czechoslovakia before 1 January 1993, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of Slovakia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Slovak qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in activities in the field of architecture in the territory of Slovakia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate.

6. In the case of nationals of the Member States whose diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture were awarded by, or whose training started in, Yugoslavia before 25 June 1991, each Member State shall recognise those diplomas, certificates and other evidence of formal qualifications in the field of architecture when the authorities of Slovenia attest that those qualifications have, on its territory, the same effect as the Slovenian qualifications in architecture listed in Article 11 as regards the taking up and pursuit of the activities referred to in Article 1, subject to compliance with Article 23. Such attestation must be accompanied by a certificate issued by the same authorities stating that those Member State nationals have effectively and lawfully been engaged in the activities in the field of architecture in the territory of Slovenia for at least three consecutive years during the five years prior to the date of issue of the certificate."

D. CITIZENS' RIGHTS

31994 L 0080: Council Directive 94/80/EC of 19 December 1994 laying down detailed arrangements for the exercise of the right to vote and to stand as a candidate in municipal elections by citizens of the Union residing in a Member State of which they are not nationals (OJ L 368, 31.12.1994, p. 38), as amended by:

- 31996 L 0030: Council Directive 96/30/EC of 13.5.1996 (OJ L 122, 22.5.1996, p. 14).

The Annex is replaced by the following:

"Annex

"Basic local government unit" within the meaning of Article 2(1)(a) of this Directive means any of the following:

in Belgium:

commune/gemeente/Gemeinde,

in the Czech Republic:

obec, městský obvod nebo městská část územně členěného statutárního města, městská část hlavního města Prahy,

in Denmark:

amtskommune, Københavns kommune, Frederiksberg kommune, primærkommune,

in Germany:

kreisfreie Stadt bzw. Stadtkreis; Kreis; Gemeinde, Bezirk in der Freien und Hansestadt Hamburg und im Land Berlin; Stadtgemeinde Bremen in der Freien Hansestadt Bremen, Stadt-, Gemeinde-, oder Ortsbezirke bzw. Ortschaften,

in Estonia:

vald, linn,

in Greece:

κοινότης, δήμος,

in Spain:

municipio, entidad de ámbito territorial inferior al municipal,

in France:

commune, arrondissement dans les villes déterminées par la législation interne, section de commune,

in Ireland:

country, county borough, borough, urban district, town,

in Italy:

comune, circoscrizione,

in Cyprus:

δήμος, κοινότητα,

in Latvia:

pagasts, novads, pilsēta,

in Lithuania:

Savivaldybės taryba,

in Luxembourg:

commune,

in Hungary:

települési önkormányzat: község, nagyközség, város, megyei jogú város, főváros, főváros kerületei;

területi önkormányzat: megye,

in Malta:

Kunsill Lokali,

in the Netherlands:

gemeente, deelgemeente,

in Austria:

Gemeinden, Bezirke in der Stadt Wien,

in Poland:

gmina,

in Portugal:

município, freguesia,

in Slovenia:

občina,

in Slovakia:

samospráva obce: obec, mesto, hlavné mesto Slovenskej republiky Bratislava, mesto Košice, mestská časť hlavného mesta Slovenskej republiky Bratislavy, mestská časť mesta Košice; samospráva vyššieho územného celku: samosprávny kraj,

in Finland:

kunta, kommun, kommun på Åland,

in Sweden:

kommuner, landsting,

in the United Kingdom:

counties in England; counties, county boroughs and communities in Wales; regions and Islands in Scotland; districts in England, Scotland and Northern Ireland; London boroughs; parishes in England; the City of London in relation to ward elections for common councilmen.".